# 1998 Comprehensive Ground Water Monitoring Evaluation (CME) Boyertown Sanitary Landfill Douglass Township, Montgomery County

Pa. D.E.P., Southeast Regional Office Waste Management Program Suite 6010 Lee Park 555 North Lane Conshohocken, PA 19428

#### Facility Location:

Boyertown Sanitary Landfill is located on Merkel Road, in Douglass Township, Montgomery County. A facility location map is provided as Figure 1. This map is excerpted from the U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic Series, Sassamansville Quadrangle.

#### Narrative:

A court order was issued in March of this year directing Boyertown Sanitary Disposal Co. and Mr. Warren K. Frame to complete several tasks associated with continued non-compliance at this facility. One of the tasks enumerated in this order was the completion of a detailed assessment of the current status of the landfill operation. A copy of this assessment report is included as **Appendix B**, and the Department's preliminary response to the Commonwealth Court of Pennsylvania with respect to this report and compliance with the court order of March is included in **Appendix C** 

#### CME Worksheet:

A completed Comprehensive Ground Water Monitoring Evaluation Worksheet is provided as **Appendix A**.

#### Inspection Reports

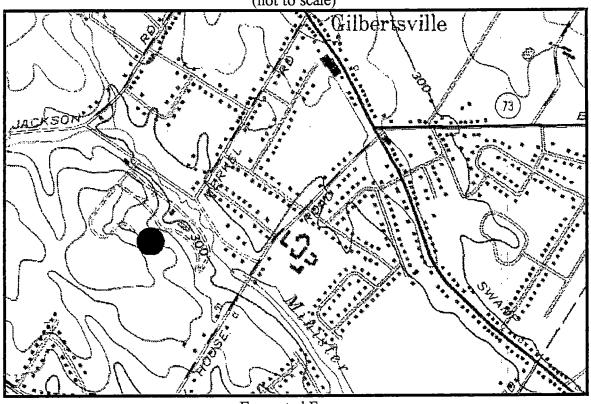
Inspection reports for this facility during 1998 are included as Appendix D

#### Analytical Results:

Confirmatory sampling was not conducted at this facility as a result of the operator's failure to notify the Department prior to sampling activities.

#### Figure I (Facility Location Map)

Boyertown Sanitary Landfill
Douglass Township, Montgomery County
(not to scale)



Excerpted From:

U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic Series, Sassamansville Quadrangle (large shaded circle marks approximate location of facility)

## Appendix A (Comprehensive Ground Water Monitoring Evaluation Worksheet)

#### APPENDIX A

## COMPREHENSIVE GROUND-WATER MONITORING EVALUATION WORKSHEET

The following worksheets have been designed to assist the enforcement officer/technical reviewer in evaluating the ground-water monitoring system an owner/operator uses to collect and analyze samples of ground water. The focus of the worksheets is technical adequacy as it relates to obtaining and analyzing representative samples of ground water. The basis of the worksheets is the final RCRA Ground Water Monitoring Technical Enforcement Guidance Document which describes in detail the aspects of ground-water monitoring which EPA deems essential to meet the goals of RCRA. Appendix A is not a regulatory checklist. Specific technical deficiencies in the monitoring system can, however, be related to the regulations as illustrated in Figure 4.3 taken from the RCRA Ground-Water Monitoring Compliance Order Guide (COG) (included at the end of the appendix). The enforcement officer, in developing an enforcement order, should relate the technical assessment from the worksheets to the regulations using Figure 4.3 from the COG as a guide.

Comprehensive Ground-Water Monitoring Evaluation	Y/N
L Office Evaluation Technical Evaluation of the Design of the Ground-Water Monitoring System	
A. Review of Relevant Documents	
1. What documents were obtained prior to conducting the inspection:	
a. RCRA Part A permit application?	Y
b. RCRA Part B permit application?	Y
c. Correspondence between the owner/operator and appropriate agencies or citizen's groups?	Υ
d. Previously conducted facility inspection reports?	Y
e. Facility's contractor reports?	N .
f. Regional hydrogeologic, geologic, or soil reports?	Y
g. The facility's Sampling and Analysis Plan?	N
h. Ground-water Assessment Program Outline (or Plan, if thefacility is in assessment monitoring)?	N
i. Other (specify)	-

	Y/N
B. Evaluation of the Owner/Operator's Hydrogeologic Assessment	
b. L'aldation of the Owner Operator 5 Hydrogeologie Addeddingin	
1. Did the owner/operator use the following direct techniques in the hydrogeologic	
assessment:	
a. Logs of the soil borings/rock corings (documented by a professional geologist,	
soil lentist, or geotechnical engineer)?	?
b. Materials tests (e.g., grain size analyses, standard penetration tests, etc.)?	?
c. Piezometer installation for water level measurments at different depths?d. Slug	
tests?	?
e. Pump tests?	?
1. Geochemical analyses of soil samples?	?
g. Other (specify) (e.g., hydrochemical diagrams and wash analysis)	?
2. Did the owner/operator use the following indirect technique to supplement direct	-
techniques data:	İ
a. Geophysical well logs? b. Tracer studies?	?
	?
c. Resistivity and/or electromagnetic conductance? d. Seismic Survey?	?
e. Hydraulic conductivity measurements of cores?	?
f. Aerial photography?	?
g. Ground penetrating radar?	?
h. Other (specify)	?
m. Ouer (specify)	?
3. Did the owner/operator document and present the raw data from the site	
hydrogeologic assessment?	Y
4. Did the owner/operator document methods (criteria) used to correlate and analyze	
the information?	· Ү
<del></del>	
5. The owner/operator prepare the following:	
	_
a. Narrative description of geology?	Y
b. Geologic cross sections?	N
c. Geologic and soil maps?	N
d. Boring/coring logs?	Y
e. Structure contour maps of the differing water bearing zones and confining layer?	N
f. Narrative description and calculation of ground-water flows?	Y
	1

	Y/N
g. Water table/potentiometric map?	Y
h. Hydrologic cross sections?	N
6. Did the owner/operator obtain a regional map of the area and delineate the facility?	Y
If yes, does this map illustrate:	1
a. Surficial geology features?	N
b. Streams, rivers, lakes, or wetlands near the facility?	Y
c. Discharging or recharging wells near the facility?	N
7. Did the owner/operator obtain a regional hydrogeologic map?	Y
If yes, does this hydrogeologic map indicate:	<del> </del>
a. Major areas of recharge/discharge?	Y
b. Regional ground-water flow direction?	Y
c. Potentiometric contours which are consistent with observed water level elevations?	Y
If yes, does the site map show:  a. Regulated units of the facility (e.g., landfill areas, impoundments)?	Y
b. Any seeps, springs, streams, ponds, or wetlands?	Y
c. Location of monitoring wells, soil borings, or test pits?	Y
d. How many regulated units does the facility have?	1
If more than one regulated unit then,	
Does the waste management area encompass all regulated units?	
• Is a waste management area delineated for each regulated unit?	
C. Characterization of Subsurface Geology of Site	
1. Soil boring/test pit program:	_
a. Were the soil borings/test pits performed under the supervision of a qualified	Y
professional?	
b. Did the owner/operator provide documentation for selecting the spacing for	Y
borings?	<u> </u>
c. Were the borings drilled to the depth of the first confining unit below the	?
uppermost zone of saturation or ten feet into bedrock?	1
d. Indicate the method(s) of drilling:	
	1 -
	1



	Y/N
Auger (hollow or solid stem)	
Mud rotary	
Reverse rotary	
Cable tool	?
Jetung	
Other (specify)	
e. Were continuous sample corings taken?	2
f. How were the samples obtained (checked method[s])	
Split spoon	
Shelby tube, or similar	
• Rock coring	
Ditch sampling	?
Other (explain)	
g. Were the continuous sample corings logged by a qualified professional i	
geology?	?
h. Does the field boring log include the following information:	
• Hole name/number?	?
Date started and finished?	
• Driller's name?	?
Hole location (i.e., map and elevation)?	?
Drill rig type and bit/auger size?	?
Gross petrography (e.g., rock type) of each geologic unit?	
Gross mineralogy of each geologic unit?	?
· Gross structural interpretation of each geologic unit and structural feat	
(e.g., fractures, gouge material, solution channels, buried streams or vi	lleve
identification of depositional material)?	?
<ul> <li>Development of soil zones and vertical extent and description of soil ty</li> </ul>	722
Depth of water bearing unit(s) and vertical extent of each?	
Depth and reason for termination of borehole?	?
<ul> <li>Depth and location of any contaminant encountered in borehole?</li> </ul>	2
Sample location/number?	?
Percent sample recovery?	?
Narrative descriptions of:	<del></del>
—Geologic observations?	?
—Drilling observations?	. 2
i. Were the following analytical tests performed on the core samples:	
The same of the same of the same same of the same same same same same same same sam	5
Mineralogy (e.g., microscopic tests and x-ray diffraction)?	?
<ul> <li>Mineralogy (e.g., microscopic tests and x-ray diffraction)?</li> </ul>	?
Mineralogy (e.g., microscopic tests and x-ray diffraction)?     Petrographic analysis:	?
<ul> <li>Mineralogy (e.g., microscopic tests and x-ray diffraction)?</li> </ul>	

·	Y/N
soil type?	2
-approximate bulk geochemistry?	?
-existence of microstructures that may effect or indicate fluid flow?	?
• Falling head tests?	?
Static head tests?	?
Settling measurements?	?
Centrifuge tests?	?
Column drawings?	?
. Verification of Subsurface Geological Data	
1. Has the owner/operator used indirect geophysical methods to supplement geological conditions between borehole locations?	N
2. Do the number of borings and analytical data indicate that the confining layer displays a low enough permeability to impede the migration of contaminants to any stratigraphically low water-bearing units?	N
3. Is the confining layer laterally continuous across the entire size?	N/A
4. Did the owner/operator consider the chemical compatibility of the size-specific waste types and the geologic materials of the confining layer?	Y
5. Did the geologic assessment address or provide means for resolution of any information gaps of geologic data?	N
6. Do the laboratory data corroborate the field data for petrography?	?
7. Do the laboratory data corroborate the field data for mineralogy and subsurface geochemistry?	?
E. Presentation of Geologic Data	
1. Did the owner/operator present geologic cross sections of the site?	Y
2. Do cross sections:	
a. identify the types and characteristics of the geologic materials present?	Y
b. define the contact zones between different geologic materials?	Y
	Y
c. note the zones of high permeability or fracture? d. give detailed borehole information including:	N

)

	Y/N
• location of borehole?	N
• depth of termination?	N
• location of screen (if applicable)?	N
• depth of zone(s) of saturation?	Y
backfill procedure?	N
3. Did the owner/operator provide a topographic map which was constructed by a licensed surveyor?	Y
4. Does the topographic map provide:	Y
a. contours at a maximum interval of two-feet?	<u> </u>
b. locations and illustrations of man-made features (e.g., parking lots, factory buildings, drainage ditches, storm drain, pipelines, etc.)?	Y
c. descriptions of nearby water bodies?	Y
d. descriptions of off-siz wells?	
e. size boundaries?	N Y
f. individual RCRA units?	Y
g. delineation of the waste management area(s)?	
	V
h. well and boring locations?	Y Y
h. well and boring locations?  5. Did the owner/operator provide an aerial photograph depicting the site and adjacent off-site features?  6. Does the photograph clearly show surface water bodies, adjacent municipalities, and	
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	Y/N
f. Did the owner/operator provide construction details for the piezometers?	N
g. How were the static water levels measured (check method(s)).	
• Electric water sounder	
• Wetted tape	
• Air line	_
Other (explain)	
h. Was the well water level measured in wells with equivalent screened intervals at	
an equivalent depth below the saturated zone?	N
i. Has the owner/operator provided a site water table (potentiometric) contour map?	Y
If yes,	
Do the potentiometric contours appear logical and accurate based on	Y
topography and presented data? (Consult water level data)	
Are ground-water flow-lines indicated?	Y
Are static water levels shown?	Y
Can hydraulic gradients be estimated?	Y
j. Did the owner/operator develop hydrologic cross sections of the vertical flow	.,
component across the site using measurements from all wells?	N
k. Do the owner/operator's flow nets include:	
• piezometer locations?	N
• depth of screening?	N
• width of screening?	N
• measurements of water levels from all wells and piezometers?	N
2. Seasonal and temporal fluctuations in ground-water	
a. Do fluctuations in static water levels occur? If yes, are the fluctuations caused by	Y
any of the following:	
-Off-size well pumping	N
—Tidal processes or other intermittent natural	N
variations (e.g., river stage, etc.)	
-On-site well pumping	N
—Off-site, on-site construction or changing land use patterns	N .
Deep well injection	N
—Seasonal variations	Y
Other (specify)	
b. Has the owner/operator documented sources and patterns that contribute to or	Y
affect the ground-water patterns below the waste management?	
c. Do water level fluctuations alter the general ground-water gradients and flow	Y
directions?	
d. Based on water level data, do any head differentials occur that may indicate a	Y
vertical flow component in the saturated zone?	



	Y/N
e. Did the owner/operator implement means for gauging long term effects on water movement that may result from on-site or off-site construction or changes in	N
land-use patterns?	
3. Hydraulic conductivity	
a. How were hydraulic conductivities of the subsurface materials determined?	· ·
Single-well tests (slug tests)?	?
Multiple-well tests (pump tests)	?
Other (specify)	?
b. If single-well tests were conducted, was it done by:	
Adding or removing a known volume of water?	?
Pressurizing well casing?	?
c. If single well tests were conducted in a highly permeable formation, were	?
pressure transducers and high-speed recording equipment used to record the	
rapidly changing water levels?	
d. Since single well tests only measure hydraulic conductivity in a limited area,	
were enough tests run to ensure a representative measure of conductivity in each	?
hydrogeologic unit?	·
e. Is the owner/operator's slug test data (if applicable) consistent with existing	?
geologic information (e.g., boring logs)?	•
f. Were other hydraulic conductivity properties determined?	?
g. If yes, provide any of the following data, if available:	
• Transmissivity	?
• Storage coefficient	
• Leakage	
• Permeability	
• Porosity	
Specific capacity	
Other (specify)	
4. Identification of the uppermost aquifer .	
a. Has the extent of the uppermost saturated zone (aquifer) in the facility area been	Y
defined? If yes,	
Are soil boring/test pit logs included?	N
Are geologic cross-sections included?	
b. Is there evidence of confining (competent, unfractured, continuous, and low	N
permeability) layers beneath the site? If yes,	Y
• how was continuity demonstrated? RECTONAL PETROGRAPHY	
c. What is hydraulic conductivity of the confining unit (if present)? CM/Sec How	<del></del>
was it determined?	?



	Y/N
d. Does potential for other hydraulic communication exist (e.g., lateral incontinuity between geologic units, facies changes, fracture zones, cross cutting structures, or chemical corrosion/alteration of geologic units by leachage? If yes or no, what is the rationale?  REGIONAL FRACTURES, BRUNSWICK FM.	
	]
	<del> </del>
G. Office Evaluation of the Facility's Ground-Water Monitoring System—  Monitoring Well Design and Construction:	
These questions should be answered for each different well design present at the facility.	
1 Pailling Machada	
Drilling Methods     a. What drilling method was used for the well?	
Hollow-stem auger	
• Solid-stem auger	?
• Mud rotary	
• Air rotary	
• Reverse rotary	
• Cable tool	
• Jetting	
Air drill w/ casing hammer	
Other (specify)	
b. Were any cutting fluids (including water) or additives used during drilling? If	
yes, specify:	·
Type of drilling fluid	· !
Source of water used	?
• Foam	
• Polymers	
Other  c. Was the cutting fluid, or additive, identified?	
	V.
d. Was the drilling equipment steam-cleaned prior to drilling the well?	?
Other methods	
e. Was compressed air used during drilling? If yes,	?
• was the air filtered to remove oil?	
f. Did the owner/operator document procedure for establishing the potentiometric	,
surface? If yes,	?
• how was the location established?	
g. Formation samples	9

	Y/N
<ul> <li>Were formation samples collected initially during drilling?</li> </ul>	?
Were any cores taken continuous?	9
<ul> <li>If not, at what interval were samples taken?</li> </ul>	9
How were the samples obtained?	
—Split spoon	İ
—Shelby tube	
—Core drill	?
—Other (specify)	
<ul> <li>Identify if any physical and/or chemical tests were performed on the</li> </ul>	
formation samples (specify)	
	?
**************************************	
2. Monitoring Well Construction Materials	
a. Identify construction materials (by number) and diameters (ID/OD)	Į i
Material Diameter :	
• Primary Casing PVC 4"	
Secondary or outside casing	1 1
(doubleconstruction)	
• Screen	
b. How are the sections of casing and screen connected?	
Pipe sections threaded	?
Couplings (friction) with adhesive or solvent	?
Couplings (friction) with retainer screws	?
Other (specify)	?
c. Were the materials steam-cleaned prior to installation?	?
• If no, how were the materials cleaned?	
3. Well Intake Design and Well Development	?
a. Was a well intake screen installed?	
What is the length of the screen for the well?	1
	?
• Is the screen manufactured?	?
b. Was a filter pack installed?	?
What kind of filter pack was employed?	
	?
• Is the filter pack compatible with formationmaterials?	?
How was the filter pack installed?	
	?

	Y/N
What are the dimensions of the filter pack?	?
Has a turbidity measurement of the well water ever been made?	Y
Have the filter pack and screen been designed for the insitu materials?	
	?
c. Well development	Y
• Was the well developed?	
What technique was used for well development?  Supposition	1
—Surge block	
—Bailer	İ
—Air surging	1
Water pumping	ŀ
—Other (specify)	
A A service Contract Contract	
4. Annular Space Seals	
The sinks and leaves in the appropriate many discretizations the Elevennesia	
a. What is the annular space in the saturated zone directly above the filter pack	
filled with:	?
—Sodium bentonite (specify type and grit)	İ
—Cement (specify nest or concrete)	İ
—Other (specify)	<del>-  </del>
b. Was the seal installed by:	1
—Dropping material down the hole and tamping	
—Dropping material down the inside of hollow-stem auger	?
-Tremie pipe method -	
—Other (specify)	
c. Was a different seal used in the unsaturated zone? If yes,	?
• Was this seal made with?	
—Sodium bentonite (specify type and grit)	?
—Cement (specify neat or concrete)- Other (specify)	<del> </del>
• Was this seal installed by?	
—Dropping material down the hole and tamping	. ?
-Dropping material down the inside of hollow stem auger	
—Other (specify)	<del> </del>
d. Is the upper portion of the borehole sealed with a concrete cap to prevent	Y
infiltration from the surface?	<del> </del>
e. Is the well fitted with an above-ground protectivedevice and bumper guards?	Y
f. Has the protective cover been installed with locks to prevent tampering?	•
	Y
	1

	Y/N
H. Evaluation of the Facility's Detection Monitoring Program	
1. Placement of Downgradient Detection Monitoring Wells	
	Y
a. Are the ground-water monitoring wells or clusters located immediately adjacent to the waste management area?	
b. How far apart are the detection monitoring wells?	100-500
c. Does the owner/operator provide a rationale for thelocation of each monitoring well or cluster?	Y
d. Does the owner/operator identified the well screenlengths of each monitoring well or clusters?	N
e. Does the owner/operator provide an explanation for the well screen lengths of each monitoring well orcluster?	N
f. Do the actual locations of monitoring wells orclusters correspond to those identified by the owner/operator?	Y
2. Placement of Upgradient Monitoring Wells	
a. Has the owner/operator documented the location of each upgradient monitoring well or cluster?	Y
b. Does the owner/operator provide an explanation forthe location(s) of the upgradient monitoring wells?	Ү
c. What length screen has the owner/operator employed in the background monitoring well(s)?	?
d. Does the owner/operator provide an explanation for the screen length(s) chosen?	N
e. Does the actual location of each background monitoring well or cluster; correspond to that identified by the owner/operator?	Y
Office Evaluation of the Facility's Assessment Monitoring Program	
. Does the assessment plan specify:	Y
The number, location, and depth of wells?	,
The rationale for their placement and identify the basis that will be used to select subsequent sampling locations and depths in later assessment phases?	Y
. Does the list of monitoring parameters include all hazardous waste constituents	Y

	333
	Y/N
a. Does the water quality parameter list include other important indicators not classified as hazardous waste constituents?	И
b. Does the owner/operator provide documentation for he listed wastes which are not included?	N
3. Does the owner/operator's assessment plan specify the procedures to be used to determine the rate of constituent migration in the ground-water?	N
4. Has the owner/operator specified a schedule of implementation in the assessment plan?	N
5. Have the assessment monitoring objectives been clearly defined in the assessment plan?	N
a. Does the plan include analysis and/or re-evaluation to determine if significant contamination has occurred in any of the detection monitoring wells?	N
b. Does the plan provide for a comprehensive program of investigation to fully characterize the rate and extent of contaminant migration from the facility?	N
c. Does the plan call for determining the concentrations of hazardous wastes and hazardous waste constituents in the ground water?	· N
d. Does the plan employ a quarterly monitoring program?	N
6. Does the assessment plan identify the investigatory methods that will be used in the assessment phase?	Y
a. Is the role of each method in the evaluation fully described?	N
b. Does the plan provide sufficient descriptions of the direct methods to be used?	N
c. Does the plan provide sufficient descriptions of the indirect methods to be used?	N
d. Will the method contribute to the further characterization of the contaminant movement?	Y
7. Are the investigatory techniques utilized in the assessment program based on direct methods?	Y
a. Does the assessment approach incorporate indirect methods to further support direct methods?	N
b. Will the planned methods called for in the assessment approach ultimately meet performance standards for assessment monitoring?	?
c. Are the procedures well defined?	Y
d. Does the approach provide for monitoring wells similar in design and construction as the detectionmonitoring wells?	Y
course oction we mic detection introduction mental.	



	Y/N
e. Does the approach employ taking samples during drilling or collecting core samples for further analysis?	N
8. Are the indirect methods to be used based on reliable and accepted geophysical techniques?	N/A
a. Are they capable of detecting subsurface changes resulting from contaminant migration at the site?	N/A
b. Is the measurement at an appropriate level of sensitivity to detect ground-water quality changes at the site?	Y
c. Is the method appropriate considering the nature of the subsurface materials?	Y
d. Does the approach consider the limitations of these methods?	Y
<ul> <li>e. Will the extent of contamination and constituent concentration be based on direct methods and sound engineering judgment? (Using indirect methods tofurther substantiate the findings.)</li> </ul>	Y
9. Does the assessment approach incorporate any mathe-matical modeling to predict contaminant movement?	N
a. Will site specific measurements be utilized toaccurately portray the subsurface?	?
b. Will the derived data be reliable?	?
c. Have the assumptions been identified?	?
d. Have the physical and chemical properties of the size-specific wastes and hazardous waste constituentsbeen identified?	Y
J. Conclusions  1. Subsurface geology	
Has sufficient data been collected to adequately define petrography and petrographic variation?	Y
b. Has the subsurface geochemistry been adequately defined?	Y
c. Was the boring/coring program adequate to definesubsurface geologic variation?	2
d. Was the owner/operator's narrative description complete and accurate in its interpretation of the data?	Y
e. Does the geologic assessment address or provide means to resolve any information gaps?	?
2. Ground-water flowpaths	Y
a. Did the owner/operator adequately establish the hori-zontal and vertical components of ground-water flow?	,



IWO _	
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ં	b. Is the detection monitoring system adequately designed and constructed to
	contaminant migration?
Y	a. Has the owner/operator adequately characterized site hydrogeology to determine
	6. Assessment Monitoring
	including any ambient heterogenous chemical characteristics?
X ·	samples representative of upgradient (beckground) ground-water quality
	water monitoring wells ensure the capability of collecting ground-water
	Do the location and screen lengths of the upgradient (background) ground-
_	b. Upgradient Wells
<del></del>	िक्ष्योशक sacm squi edi ce asta sacasganam
	steaw suchassed of mort ansunance or constituents from the hazardous waste
į	clusters in the detection monitoring system allow the immédiate detection of a
	<ul> <li>Do the location, and screen lengths of the ground-water monitoring wells or</li> </ul>
	a Downgradient Wells
	5. Detection Monitoring
X	accurate assessment of aquifer characteristics?
	d. Does the ground-water monitoring well's design and construction permit an
Y	c. Are the ground-water monitoring wells structurally stable?
ં	b. Are the samples representative of ground-water quality?
т	wells permit depth discrete ground-water samples to be taken?
X	a. Do the derign and construction of the owner/operator's ground-water monitoring
	4. Monitoring Well Construction and Design
	a. Did the owner/operator adequately define the upper-most aquifer?
X	
	3. Uppermost Aquifer
	Saits of woled
N	vertical variationin hydraulic conductivity in the entire hydrogeologic subsurface
	f. Were sufficient hydraulic conductivity tests performed to document lateral and
	the ground-water?
	e. Did the owner/operator adequately consider the seasonal and temporal effects on
ذ	d. Are the potentiometrie surface measurements valid?
N	c. Did the owner/operator provide accurate documentation?
Y	b. Were appropriate methods used to establish ground-water flowpaths?
N/X	





ncer.

•	Y/N
c. Are the procedures used to make a first determination of contamination adequate?	N
d. Is the assessment plan adequate to detect, characterize, and track contaminant	
migration?	Y
e. Will the assessment monitoring wells, given site hydrogeologic conditions,	
define the extent and concentration of contamination in the horizontal and	Y
vertical planes?	
f. Are the assessment monitoring wells adequately designed and constructed?	?
g. Are the sampling and analysis procedures adequate to provide true measures of	Y
contamination?	<u></u>
h. Do the procedures used for evaluation of assessment monitoring data result in	
determinations of the rate of migration, extent of migration, and hazardous	N
constituent composition of the contaminant plume?	
i. Are the data collected at sufficient frequency and duration to adequately	N
determine the rate of migration?	41
j. Is the schedule of implementation adequate?	N
k. Is the owner/operator's assessment monitoring plan adequate?	N
• If the owner/operator had to implement hisassessment monitoring plan, was it	λſ
implemented satisfactorily?	N
A. Ground-Water Monitoring System  1. Are the numbers, depths, and locations of monitoring wells in agreement with those reported in the facility's monitoring plan? (See Section 3.2.3.)	Y
B. Monitoring Well Construction	·
B. Wontoning Wen Constitution	•
1. Identify construction material material diameter	•
	•
a. Primary Casing PVC	
b. Secondary or outside casing STEEL	
2. Is the upper portion of the borehole sealed with conrete to prevent infiltration from the surface?	Y
3. Is the well fitted with an above-ground protective device?	Y
4. Is the protective cover fitted with locks to prevent tampering? If a facility utilizes more than a single well design, answer the above questions for each well design?	Y



OWPE

	Y/N
III. Review of Sample Collection Procedures	
A. Measurement of Well Depths /Elevation	
1. Are measurements of both depth to standing water and depth to the bottom of the well made?	N
2. Are measurements taken to the 0.01 feet?	N
3. What device is used?	N/A
4. Is there a reference point established by a licensed surveyor?	N/A
5. Is the measuring equipment properly cleaned betweenwil locations to prevent cross contamination?	N
B. Detection of Immiscible Layers	
1. Are procedures used which will detect light phase immiscible layers?	. И
2. Are procedures used which will detect heavy phase immiscible layers?	N
C. Sampling of Immiscible Layers	N
1. Are the immiscible layers sampled separately prior to well evacuation?	14
2. Do the procedures used minimize mixing with watersoluble phases?	N
D. Well Evacuation	
1. Are low yielding wells evacuated to dryness?	N .
2. Are high yielding wells evacuated so that at least three casing volumes are removed?	N
3. What device is used to evacuate the wells?	N/A
4. If any problems are encountered (e.g., equipmentmalfunction) are they noted in a field logbook?	N





	Y/N
E. Sample Withdrawal	
1. For low yielding wells, are samples for volatiles, pH, and oxidation/reduction potential drawn first after the well recovers?	N
2. Are samples withdrawn with either flurocarbon/resins or stainless steel (316, 304 or 2205) sampling devices?	N
3. Are sampling devices either bottom valve bailers or positive gas displacement bladder pumps?	N
4. If bailers are used, is fluorocarbon/resin coated wire, single strand stainless steel wire, or monofilament used to raise and lower the bailer?	N
5. If bladder pumps are used, are they operated in acontinuous manner to prevent aeration of the sample?	N
6. If bailers are used, are they lowered slowly to prevent degassing of the water?	N
7. If bailers are used, are the contents transferred to the sample container in a way that minimizes agitation and aeration?	N ,
8. Is care taken to avoid placing clean sampling equipment on the ground or other contaminated surfaces prior to insertion into the well?	N
9. If dedicated sampling equipment is not used, is equipment disassembled and thoroughly cleaned between samples?	N
10. If samples are for inorganic analysis, does the cleaning procedure include the following sequential steps:	
a. Dilute acid rinse (HNO <sub>3</sub> or HC1)?11. If samples are for organic analysis, does the cleaning procedure include the following sequential steps:	N
11. If samples are for inorganic analysis, does the cleaning procedure include the following sequential steps:	N
a. Nonphosphate detergent wash?	
b. Tap water rinse?	NI.
c. Distilled/deionized water rinse?	N
d. Acetone rinse?	N
	_ IN

	Y/N
12. Is sampling equipment thoroughly dry before use?	N
13. Are equipment blanks taken to ensure that sample cross-contamination has not occurred?	N
14. If volatile samples are taken with a positive gas displacement bladder pump, are pumping rates below 100 ml/min?	N
F. In-situ or Field Analyses	
1. Are the following labile (chemically unstable) parameters determined in the field:	N
a. pH?	N
b. Temperature?	N
c. Specific conductivity?	N
d. Redox potential?	N
e. Chlorine?	N
f. Dissolved oxygen?	N
g. Turbidity?	N
h. Other (specify)	N
2. For in-situ determinations, are they made after well evacuation and sample removal?	N
3. If sample is withdrawn from the well, is parameter measured from a split portion?	N
4. Is monitoring equipment calibrated according to mannufacturers' specifications and consistent with SW-846?	N
5. Is the date, procedure, and maintenance for equipment calibration documented in the field logbook?	N
IV. Review of Sample Preservation and Handling Procedures	
A. Sample Containers	
1. Are samples transferred from the sampling device directly to their compatible containers?	N

5. Are the sample containers for metal analyses cleanedusing these sequential steps:  a. Nonphosphate detergent wash?  b. 1:1 nitric acid rinse?  c. Tap water rinse?  d. 1:1 hydrochloric acid rinse?  e. Tap water rinse?  f. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  Nonphosphate detergent/hot water wash?  b. Tap water rinse?  c. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  Nonphosphate detergent/hot water wash?  b. Tap water rinse?  c. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  d. Acetone rinse?  e. Pesticide-grade bexane rinse?  Nonphosphate detergent/hot water wash?		Y/N
polypropylene caps?  3. Are sample containers for organics analysis glass bottles with fluorocarbonresin-lined caps?  4. If glass bottles are used for metals samples are the caps fluorocarbonresin-lined?  5. Are the sample containers for metal analyses cleanedusing these sequential steps:  a. Nonphosphate detergent wash?  b. 1:1 nitric acid rinse?  c. Tap water rinse?  d. 1:1 hydrochloric acid rinse?  e. Tap water rinse?  f. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  Nonphosphate detergent/hot water wash?  b. Tap water rinse?  a. Nonphosphate detergent/hot water wash?  b. Tap water rinse?  d. Acetone rinse?  d. Acetone rinse?  v. Pesticide-grade bexane rinse?  N. Are trip blanks used for each sample container type to verify cleanliness?  N. Sample Preservation Procedures  1. Are samples for the following analyses cooled to 4°C:  a. TOC?  b. TOX?  c. Chloride?  d. Phenois?  e. Sulfate?  f. Nirrate?  g. Coliform bacteria?  N. N.  N. Ol and grease?  i. Hazardous constituents (1261, Appendix VIII)?		
3. Are sample containers for organics analysis glass bottles with fluorocarbonresin- lined caps?  4. If glass bottles are used for metals samples are the caps fluorocarbonresin-lined?  N  5. Are the sample containers for metal analyses cleanedusing these sequential steps:  a. Nonphosphate detergent wash?  b. 1:1 nitric acid rinse?  c. Tap water rinse?  d. 1:1 hydrochloric acid rinse?  e. Tap water rinse?  f. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  s. Nonphosphate detergent/hot water wash?  b. Tap water rinse?  c. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  d. Acetone rinse?  e. Pesticide-grade bexane rinse?  N  N  N  Sample Preservation Procedures  1. Are samples for the following analyses cooled to 4°C:  a. TOC?  b. TOX?  c. Chloride?  d. Phenols?  e. Sulfate?  f. Nitrate?  g. Coliform bacteria?  N. N.  N. N.  N. N.  R. Oll and grease?  i. Hazardous constituents (1261, Appendix VIII)?		
lined caps?  4. If glass bottles are used for metals samples are the caps fluorocarbonresin-lined?  5. Are the sample containers for metal analyses cleanedusing these sequential steps:  a. Nonphosphate detergent wash?  b. 1:1 nitric acid rinse?  c. Tap water rinse?  d. 1:1 hydrochloric acid rinse?  e. Tap water rinse?  f. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  Nonphosphate detergent/hot water wash?  b. Tap water rinse?  a. Nonphosphate detergent/hot water wash?  b. Tap water rinse?  c. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  Nonphosphate detergent/hot water wash?  b. Tap water rinse?  c. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  Nonphosphate detergent/hot water wash?  Nonphosphate detergent/hot w	polypropylene caps?	N
lined caps?  4. If glass bottles are used for metals samples are the caps fluorocarbonresin-lined?  5. Are the sample containers for metal analyses cleanedusing these sequential steps:  a. Nonphosphate detergent wash?  b. 1:1 nitric acid rinse?  c. Tap water rinse?  d. 1:1 hydrochloric acid rinse?  e. Tap water rinse?  f. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  Nonphosphate detergent/hot water wash?  b. Tap water rinse?  a. Nonphosphate detergent/hot water wash?  b. Tap water rinse?  c. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  Nonphosphate detergent/hot water wash?  b. Tap water rinse?  c. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  Nonphosphate detergent/hot water wash?  Nonphosphate detergent/hot w	3 Are sample containers for organics analysis glass bottles with fluorocarbonresin-	
4. If glass bottles are used for metals samples are the caps fluorocarbonresin-lined?  Nonphosphate detergent wash?  b. 1:1 nitric acid rinse?  c. Tap water rinse?  d. 1:1 hydrochloric acid rinse?  e. Tap water rinse?  f. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  Nonphosphate detergent/hot water wash?  f. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  f. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  f. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  f. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  f. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  nonphosphate detergent/hot water wash?  b. Tap water rinse?  c. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  d. Acetone rinse?  e. Pesticide-grade bexane rinse?  7. Are trip blanks used for each sample container type to verify cleanliness?  Sample Preservation Procedures  1. Are samples for the following analyses cooled to 4°C:  a. TOC?  b. TOX?  c. Chloride?  d. Phenols?  e. Sulfate?  f. Nitrate?  g. Coliform bacteria?  h. Cyanide?  d. Pienols?  g. Coliform bacteria?  h. Cyanide?  i. Oil and grease?  i. Hazardous constituents (1261, Appendix VIII)?	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	N
5. Are the sample containers for metal analyses cleanedusing these sequential steps:  a. Nonphosphate detergent wash?  b. 1:1 nitric acid rinse?  c. Tap water rinse?  d. 1:1 hydrochloric acid rinse?  e. Tap water rinse?  f. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  Nonphosphate detergent/hot water wash?  b. Tap water rinse?  c. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  d. Acetone rinse?  e. Pesticide-grade bexane rinse?  Ne. Pesticide-grade bexane rinse?  Nonphosphate detergent/hot water wash?  No		<del></del>
a. Nonphosphate detergent wash?  b. 1:1 nitric acid rinse?  c. Tap water rinse?  d. 1:1 hydrochloric acid rinse?  e. Tap water rinse?  f. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  Nonphosphate detergent/hot water wash?  b. Tap water rinse?  a. Nonphosphate detergent/hot water wash?  b. Tap water rinse?  c. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  d. Acetone rinse?  e. Pesticide-grade bexane rinse?  7. Are trip blanks used for each sample container type to verify cleanliness?  Sample Preservation Procedures  1. Are samples for the following analyses cooled to 4°C:  a. TOC?  b. TOX?  c. Chloride?  d. Phenols?  e. Sulfate?  f. Nitrate?  g. Coliform bacteria?  N. Normane?  g. Coliform bacteria?  N. Normane?  g. Coliform bacteria?  N. Normane?  g. Coliform bacteria?  N. Normane?  g. Coliform bacteria?  N. Normane?  g. Coliform bacteria?  N. Normane?  g. Coliform bacteria?  N. Normane?  g. Coliform bacteria?  N. Normane?  g. Coliform bacteria?  N. Normane?  g. Coliform bacteria?  N. Normane?  g. Coliform bacteria?  N. Normane?  g. Coliform bacteria?  N. Normane?  g. Coliform bacteria?  N. Normane?  g. Coliform bacteria?  N. Normane?  g. Coliform bacteria?  N. Normane?  g. Coliform bacteria?  N. Normane?  N. Normane.  Hazardous constituents (1261, Appendix VIII)?	4. If glass bottles are used for metals samples are the caps fluorocarbonresin-lined?	N
b. 1:1 nitric acid rinse?  c. Tap water rinse?  d. 1:1 hydrochloric acid rinse?  e. Tap water rinse?  f. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  6. Are the sample containers for organic analyses cleaned using these sequential steps:  a. Nonphosphate detergent/hot water wash?  b. Tap water rinse?  c. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  d. Acetone rinse?  e. Pesticide-grade bexane rinse?  7. Are trip blanks used for each sample container type to verify cleanliness?  Sample Preservation Procedures  1. Are samples for the following analyses cooled to 4°C:  a. TOC?  b. TOX?  c. Chloride?  d. Phenois?  e. Sulfate?  f. Nitrate?  g. Coliform bacteria?  h. Cyanide?  i. Oil and grease?  i. Oil and grease?  i. Hazardous constituents (1261, Appendix VIII)?	5. Are the sample containers for metal analyses cleanedusing these sequential steps:	N
c. Tap water rinse? d. 1:1 hydrochloric acid rinse? e. Tap water rinse? f. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  6. Are the sample containers for organic analyses cleaned using these sequential steps:  a. Nonphosphate detergent/hot water wash? b. Tap water rinse? c. Distilled/deionized water rinse? d. Acetone rinse? e. Pesticide-grade hexane rinse?  7. Are trip blanks used for each sample container type to verify cleanliness?  8. Sample Preservation Procedures  1. Are samples for the following analyses cooled to 4°C: a. TOC? b. TOX? c. Chloride? d. Phenois? e. Sulfate? f. Nitrate? g. Coliform bacteria? h. Cyanide? i. Oil and grease? i. Oil and grease? i. Hazardous constituents (1261, Appendix VIII)?	a. Nonphosphate detergent wash?	
d. 1:1 hydrochloric acid rinse?  d. 1:1 hydrochloric acid rinse?  e. Tap water rinse?  f. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  Nonphosphate detergent/hot water wash?  b. Tap water rinse?  c. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  d. Acetone rinse?  e. Pesticide-grade bexane rinse?  7. Are trip blanks used for each sample container type to verify cleanliness?  Sample Preservation Procedures  1. Are samples for the following analyses cooled to 4°C:  a. TOC?  b. TOX?  c. Chloride?  d. Phenols?  e. Sulfate?  f. Nitrate?  g. Coliform bacteria?  N. Nitrate?  g. Coliform bacteria?  N. Nitrate?  g. Coliform bacteria?  N. Nitrate?  g. Coliform bacteria?  N. Nitrate?  g. Coliform bacteria?  N. Nitrate?  g. Coliform bacteria?  N. Nitrate?  g. Coliform bacteria?  N. Ol and grease?  i. Ol and grease?  i. Ol and grease?  i. Hazardous constituents (1261, Appendix VIII)?		
e. Tap water rinse?  f. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  N  6. Are the sample containers for organic analyses cleaned using these sequential steps:  a. Nonphosphate detergent/hot water wash?  b. Tap water rinse?  c. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  d. Acctone rinse?  e. Pesticide-grade hexane rinse?  N  7. Are trip blanks used for each sample container type to verify cleanliness?  N  Sample Preservation Procedures  1. Are samples for the following analyses cooled to 4°C:  a. TOC?  b. TOX?  c. Chloride?  d. Phenols?  e. Sulfate?  f. Nitrate? g. Coliform bacteria?  h. Cyanide? i. Oil and grease? i. Oil and grease? i. Hazardous constituents (1261, Appendix VIII)?		IN IN
f. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  Are the sample containers for organic analyses cleaned using these sequential steps:  a. Nonphosphate detergent/hot water wash?  b. Tap water rinse?  c. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  d. Acetone rinse?  e. Pesticide-grade bexane rinse?  7. Are trip blanks used for each sample container type to verify cleanliness?  None are samples for the following analyses cooled to 4°C:  a. TOC?  b. TOX?  c. Chloride?  d. Phenols?  e. Sulfate?  f. Nitrate?  g. Coliform bacteria?  h. Cyanide?  i. Hazardous constituents (1261, Appendix VIII)?		Υ
6. Are the sample containers for organic analyses cleaned using these sequential steps:  a. Nonphosphate detergent/hot water wash?  b. Tap water rinse?  c. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  d. Acetone rinse?  e. Pesticide-grade bexane rinse?  Note trip blanks used for each sample container type to verify cleanliness?  7. Are trip blanks used for each sample container type to verify cleanliness?  8. Sample Preservation Procedures  1. Are samples for the following analyses cooled to 4°C:  a. TOC?  b. TOX?  c. Chloride?  d. Phenols?  e. Sulfate?  f. Nitrate?  g. Coliform bacteria?  h. Cyanide?  i. Hazardous constituents (1261, Appendix VIII)?		N
a. Nonphosphate detergent/hot water wash?  b. Tap water rinse?  c. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  d. Acetone rinse?  e. Pesticide-grade bexane rinse?  N  7. Are trip blanks used for each sample container type to verify cleanliness?  N  Sample Preservation Procedures  1. Are samples for the following analyses cooled to 4°C:  a. TOC?  b. TOX?  c. Chloride?  d. Phenols?  e. Sulfate?  f. Nitrate?  g. Coliform bacteria?  h. Cyanide?  i. Oil and grease?  i. Hazardous constituents (1261, Appendix VIII)?	f. Distilled/deionized water rinse?	N
d. Acetone rinse?  e. Pesticide-grade hexane rinse?  N  7. Are trip blanks used for each sample container type to verify cleanliness?  N  Sample Preservation Procedures  1. Are samples for the following analyses cooled to 4°C:  a. TOC?  b. TOX?  c. Chloride?  d. Phenols?  e. Sulfate?  f. Nitrate?  g. Coliform bacteria?  h. Cyanide?  i. Oil and grease?  i. Hazardous constituents (1261, Appendix VIII)?	a. Nonphosphate detergeni/bot water wash?	
e. Pesticide-grade bexane rinse?  N  7. Are trip blanks used for each sample container type to verify cleanliness?  N  Sample Preservation Procedures  1. Are samples for the following analyses cooled to 4°C:  a. TOC?  b. TOX?  c. Chloride?  d. Phenols?  e. Sulfate?  f. Nitrate?  g. Coliform bacteria?  h. Cyanide?  i. Oil and grease?  i. Hazardous constituents (1261, Appendix VIII)?	b. Tap water rinse?	N
7. Are trip blanks used for each sample container type to verify cleanliness?  1. Are samples for the following analyses cooled to 4°C:  a. TOC?  b. TOX?  c. Chloride?  d. Phenols?  e. Sulfate?  f. Nitrate?  g. Coliform bacteria?  h. Cyanide?  i. Oil and grease?  i. Hazardous constituents (1261, Appendix VIII)?	b. Tap water rinse? c. Distilled/deionized water rinse?	N N
7. Are trip blanks used for each sample container type to verify cleanliness?  1. Are samples for the following analyses cooled to 4°C:  a. TOC?  b. TOX?  c. Chloride?  d. Phenols?  e. Sulfate?  f. Nitrate?  g. Coliform bacteria?  h. Cyanide?  i. Oil and grease?  i. Hazardous constituents (1261, Appendix VIII)?	b. Tap water rinse? c. Distilled/deionized water rinse? d. Acetone rinse?	N N
1. Are samples for the following analyses cooled to 4°C:  a. TOC?  b. TOX?  c. Chloride?  d. Phenols?  e. Sulfate?  f. Nitrate?  g. Coliform bacteria?  h. Cyanide?  i. Oil and grease?  i. Hazardous constituents (1261, Appendix VIII)?	b. Tap water rinse? c. Distilled/deionized water rinse? d. Acetone rinse?	N N N
a. TOC? b. TOX? c. Chloride? d. Phenols? e. Sulfate? N f. Nitrate? g. Coliform bacteria? h. Cyanide? i. Oil and grease? i. Hazardous constituents (1261, Appendix VIII)?	b. Tap water rinse? c. Distilled/deionized water rinse? d. Acetone rinse? e. Pesticide-grade hexane rinse?	N N N
b. TOX? c. Chloride? d. Phenols? e. Sulfate? f. Nitrate? g. Coliform bacteria? h. Cyanide? i. Oil and grease? i. Hazardous constituents (1261, Appendix VIII)?	b. Tap water rinse? c. Distilled/deionized water rinse? d. Acetone rinse? e. Pesticide-grade hexane rinse?  7. Are trip blanks used for each sample container type to verify cleanliness?	N N N
b. TOX? c. Chloride? d. Phenols? e. Sulfate? f. Nitrate? g. Coliform bacteria? h. Cyanide? i. Oil and grease? i. Hazardous constituents (1261, Appendix VIII)?	b. Tap water rinse? c. Distilled/deionized water rinse? d. Acetone rinse? e. Pesticide-grade hexane rinse?  7. Are trip blanks used for each sample container type to verify cleanliness?	N N N N
d. Phenols?  e. Sulfate?  f. Nitrate?  g. Coliform bacteria?  h. Cyanide?  i. Oil and grease?  i. Hazardous constituents (1261, Appendix VIII)?	b. Tap water rinse?  c. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  d. Acetone rinse?  e. Pesticide-grade hexane rinse?  7. Are trip blanks used for each sample container type to verify cleanliness?  Sample Preservation Procedures  1. Are samples for the following analyses cooled to 4°C:	N N N N
e. Sulfate?  f. Nitrate?  g. Coliform bacteria?  h. Cyanide?  i. Oil and grease?  N  N  N  N  N  N  N  N  N  N  N  N  N	b. Tap water rinse?  c. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  d. Acetone rinse?  e. Pesticide-grade bexane rinse?  7. Are trip blanks used for each sample container type to verify cleanliness?  Sample Preservation Procedures  1. Are samples for the following analyses cooled to 4°C:  a. TOC?	N N N N
f. Nitrate?  g. Coliform bacteria?  h. Cyanide?  i. Oil and grease?  N  N  N  N  N	b. Tap water rinse?  c. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  d. Acetone rinse?  e. Pesticide-grade bexane rinse?  7. Are trip blanks used for each sample container type to verify cleanliness?  Sample Preservation Procedures  1. Are samples for the following analyses cooled to 4°C:  a. TOC?  b. TOX?	N N N N
g. Coliform bacteria?  h. Cyanide?  i. Oil and grease?  i. Hazardous constituents ()261, Appendix VIII)?	b. Tap water rinse? c. Distilled/deionized water rinse? d. Acetone rinse? e. Pesticide-grade hexane rinse?  7. Are trip blanks used for each sample container type to verify cleanliness?  8. Sample Preservation Procedures  1. Are samples for the following analyses cooled to 4°C: a. TOC? b. TOX? c. Chloride?	N N N
i. Oil and grease?  i. Hazardous constituents ()261, Appendix VIII)?	b. Tap water rinse? c. Distilled/deionized water rinse? d. Acetone rinse? e. Pesticide-grade bexane rinse?  7. Are trip blanks used for each sample container type to verify cleanliness?  8. Sample Preservation Procedures  1. Are samples for the following analyses cooled to 4°C: a. TOC? b. TOX? c. Chloride? d. Phenols?	N N N N
i. Oil and grease?  i. Hazardous constituents ()261, Appendix VIII)?	b. Tap water rinse?  c. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  d. Acetone rinse?  e. Pesticide-grade bexane rinse?  7. Are trip blanks used for each sample container type to verify cleanliness?  Sample Preservation Procedures  1. Are samples for the following analyses cooled to 4°C:  a. TOC?  b. TOX?  c. Chloride?  d. Phenols?  e. Sulfate?	N N N N
i. Hazardous constituents ()261, Appendix VIII)?	b. Tap water rinse?  c. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  d. Acetone rinse?  e. Pesticide-grade hexane rinse?  7. Are trip blanks used for each sample container type to verify cleanliness?  8. Sample Preservation Procedures  1. Are samples for the following analyses cooled to 4°C:  a. TOC?  b. TOX?  c. Chloride? d. Phenols? e. Sulfate? f. Nitrate?	N N N N
j. Hazardous constituents () 261, Appendix VIII)?	b. Tap water rinse?  c. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  d. Acetone rinse?  e. Pesticide-grade bexane rinse?  7. Are trip blanks used for each sample container type to verify cleanliness?  Sample Preservation Procedures  1. Are samples for the following analyses cooled to 4°C:  a. TOC?  b. TOX?  c. Chloride?  d. Phenols?  e. Sulfate?  f. Nitrate?  g. Coliform bacteria?	N N N N N N
	b. Tap water rinse?  c. Distilled/deionized water rinse?  d. Acetone rinse?  e. Pesticide-grade bexane rinse?  7. Are trip blanks used for each sample container type to verify cleanliness?  8. Sample Preservation Procedures  1. Are samples for the following analyses cooled to 4°C:  a. TOC?  b. TOX?  c. Chloride?  d. Phenols?  e. Sulfate?  f. Nitrate?  g. Coliform bacteria?  h. Cyanide?	N N N N N N N

	Y/N
2. Are samples for the following analyses field acidified to pH <2 with HNO <sub>3</sub> :	
	N
a. Iron?	
b. Manganese?	N
c. Sodium?	N
d. Total metals?	N
e. Dissolved metals?	N
f. Fluoride?	N N
g. Endrin?	N
h. Lindane?	N
i. Methoxychlor?	N
j. Toxaphene?	N
k. 2,4, D?	N
l. 2,4,5 TP Silvex?	N
m. Radium?	N N
n. Gross alpha?	N
o. Gross beta?	N
3. Are samples for the following analyses field acidfied to pH <2 with H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> :  a. Phenois?  b. Oil and grease?	N
	10
4. Is the sample for TOC analyses field sciffed to pH <2 with HCl?	N
5. Is the sample for TOX analysis preserved with 1 ml of 1.1 M sodium sulfine?	N
6. Is the sample for cyanide analysis preserved with NaOH to pH >12?	N
C. Special Handling Considerations	
1. Are organic samples handled without filtering?	N
2. Are samples for volatile organics transfered to the appropriate vials to eliminate headspace over the sample?	N
3. Are samples for metal analysis split into two portions?	N
4. Is the sample for dissolved metals filtered through a 0.45 micron filter?	N
5. Is the second portion not filtered and analyzed for total metals?	N
	1

		Y/N
V. Review of Chain-of-Custody Procedures	<del></del>	
		<u> </u>
A. Sample Labels		
		И
1. Are sample labels used?		
2. Do they provide the following information:		N
a. Sample identification number?		
b. Name of collector?		N
c. Date and time of collection?		N
d. Place of collection?	<del> </del>	N
e. Parameter(s) requested and preservitives used?		N
3. Do they remain legible even if wer?		N
D. Carrala Casla		
B. Sample Scals	•	
1. Are sample seals placed on those containers to ensure samples are not alter	red?	. N
C. Field Logbook		
		N
1. Is a field logbook maintained?		
2. Does it document the following:		
a Promoso of sampling (a.g. description on accompanie		N
a. Purpose of sampling (e.g., detection or assessment)?  b. Location of well(s)?		
c. Total depth of each well?		N
d. Static water level depth and measurement technique?		<u> </u>
		N
e. Presence of immiscible layers and detection method?		N
f. Collection method for immiscible layers and sample identification num	oers/	N
g. Well evacuation procedures?		N
h. Sample withdrawal procedure?	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	N
i. Date and time of collection?		N
j. Weil sampling sequence?		N
k. Types of sample containers and sample identification number(s)?		N
L. Preservative(s) used?		N
m. Parameters requested?		N
n. Field analysis data and method(s)?		N
o. Sample distribution and transporter?		N
p. Field observations?		N

	33%
	Y/N
—Unusual well recharge rates?	N
—Equipment malfunction(s)?	N
—Possible sample contamination?	N
—Sampling rate?	N
D. Chain-of-Custody Record	
1. Is a chain-of-custody record included with each sample?	N
2. Does it document the following:	
a. Sample number?	N
b. Signiture of collector?	N
c. Date and time of collection?	N
d. Sample type?	Ŋ
e. Station location?	· N
f. Number of containers?	N
g. Parameters requested?	Ŋ
h. Signatures of persons involved in chain-of-custody?	N
i. Inclusive dates of custody?	N
E. Sample Analysis Request Sheet  1. Does a sample analysis request sheet accompany each sample?	N
Does the request sheet document the following:     a. Name of person receiving the sample?	'n
b. Date of sample receipt?	N
c. Duplicatee?	
d. Analysis to be performed?	N
IV. Review of Quality Assurance/Quality Control	N
A. Is the validity and reliability of the laboratory and field generated data ensured by a QA/QC program?	N
B. Does the QA/QC program include:	
1. Documentation of any deviation from approved procedures?	N

2. Documentation of analytical results for:	Y/N
	N
a. Blanks?	-\ <del></del>
b. Standards?	N N
c. Duplicates?	N
d. Spiked samples?  e. Detectable limits for each parameter being analyzed?	N
e. Detectable lithits for each parameter being alary & c.	N
C. Are approved statistical methods used?	N
D. Are QC samples used to correct data?	N
E. Are all data critically examined to ensure it has been properly calculated and reported?	N
VII. Surficial Well Inspection and Field Observation	
A. Are the wells adequately maintained?	Y
3. Are the monitoring wells protected and secure?	N
C. Do the wells have surveyed casing elevations?	Y
). Are the ground-water samples turbid?	?
E. Have all physical characteristics of the site been noted in the inspector's field notes (i.e., surface waters, topography, surface features)?	Y
F. Has a site sketch been prepared by the field inspector with scale, north arrow, location(s) of buildings, location(s) of regulated units, locations of monitoring wells, and a rough depiction of the site drainage pattern?	Y

		Y/N
VIII. Conclusions		
A. Is the facilitycurrently operating under the correct mo according to the statistical analyses performed by the cu		N .
B. Does the ground-water monitoring system, as designed detection or assessment of any possible ground-water cothe facility?		N
C. Does the sampling and analysis procedures permit the and, where possible, assess the nature and extent of a reconstituents to ground water from the monitored hazar facility?	elease of hazardous	N
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·		
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•		

# Figure 4.3 Relationship of Technical Inadequacies to Ground-Water Performance Standards

Examples of Basic Elements Required by Performance Standards	Examples of Technical Inadequacies that may Constitute Violations	Regulatory Citations
Uppermost Aquifer     must be correctly	failure to consider aquifers     hydraulically interconnected to the	§265.90(a) §265.91(a)(1, 2)
identified.	uppermost aquifer.	§270.14(c)(2) §265.90(a)
	• incorrect identification of certain	§265.91(a)(1, 2)
	formations as confining layers or aquitards.	§270.14(c)(2)
	• failure to use test drilling and/or soil	§265.90(a)
	borings to characterize subsurface	§265.91(a)(1, 2)
	hydrogeology.	§270.14(c)(2)
2. Ground-water flow	• failure to use piezometers or wells to	§265.90(a)
	determine ground-water flow rates and	§265.91(a)(1, 2)
must be properly	directions (or failure to use a sufficient number of them).	§270.14(c)(2)
	<ul> <li>failure to consider temporal variations</li> </ul>	§265.90(a)
	in water levels when establishing flow	§265.91(a)(1, 2)
. ·	directions (e.g., seasonal variations, short-term fluctuations due to pumping).	§270.14(c)(2)
	• failure to assess significance of vertical	\$265.90(a)
	gradients when evaluating flow rates	§265.91(a)(1, 2)
	and directions.	\$270.14(c)(2)
	• failure to use standard/consistent	§265.90(a)
	benchmarks when establishing water	\$265.91(a)(1, 2)
	level elevations.	<b>§270.14(c)(2)</b>
	• failure of the owner/operator (0/0) to	§265.90(a)
	consider the effect of local withdrawal wells on ground-water flow direction.	\$265.91(a)(1)
	· failure of the o/o to obtain sufficient	§265.90(a)
	water level measurements.	<b>§</b> 265.91(a)(1)

Examples of Basic Elements Required by Performance Standards	Examples of Technical Inadequacies that may Constitute Violations	Regulatory Citations
3. Background wells must be located so as to yield	<ul> <li>failure of the o/o to consider the effect of local withdrawal wells on ground-water flow direction.</li> </ul>	§265.90(a) §265.91(a)(1)
samples that are not affected by the facility.	• failure of the o/o to obtain sufficient water level measurements.	§265.90(a) §265.91(a)(1)
ale lucinty.	<ul> <li>failure of the o/o to consider flow path of dense immiscibles in establishing upgradient well locations.</li> </ul>	§265.90(a) §265.91(a)(1)
	• failure of the o/o to consider seasonal fluctuations in ground-water flow direction.	§265.90(a) §265.91(a)(1)
	• failure to install wells hydraulically upgradient, except in cases where upgradient water quality is affected by the facility (e.g., migration of dense immiscibles in the upgradient direction, mounding water beneath the facility).	§265.90(a) §265.91(a)(1)
	• failure of the o/o to adequately characterize subsurface hydrogeology.	§265.90(a) §265.91(a)(1)
	• wells intersect only ground water that flows around facility.	§265.90(a) §265.91(a)(1)
4. Background wells must be	wells constructed of materials that may release or absorb constituents of concern	\$265.90(a) . \$265.91(a)
constructed so as to yield samples that are	wells improperly sealed—contamination of sample is a concern.	\$265.90(a) \$265.91(a), (c)
representative of in-situ ground-water quality.	• nested or multiple screen wells are used and it cannot be demonstrated that there has been no movement of ground water between strata.	\$265.90(a) \$265.91(a)(1, 2)

Examples of Basic Elements Required by Performance Standards	Examples of Technical Inadequacies that may Constitute Violations	Regulatory Citations
1 Dackground walls	<ul> <li>improper drilling methods were used,</li> </ul>	· §265.90(a)
4. Background wells must be	possibly contaminating the formation.	§265.91(a)
constructed so as to yield samples that are	<ul> <li>well intake packed with materials that may contaminate sample.</li> </ul>	§265.90(a) §265.91(a), (c)
representative of	• well screens used are of an	\$265 00(a)
in-situ ground-	inappropriate length.	§265.90(a) §265.91(a)(1, 2)
water quality.	• wells developed using water other than	§265.90(a)
(Continued)	formation water.	§265.91(a)
	• improper well development yielding	§265.90(a)
	samples with suspended sediments that may bias chemical analysis.	§265.91(a)
	• use of drilling muds or nonformation	§265.90(a)
	water during well construction that can bias results of samples collected from wells.	§265.91(a)
5. Downgradient monitoring wells	wells not placed immediately adjacent to waste management area.	§265.90(a) §265.91(a)(2)
must be located so	• failure of 0/0 to consider potential	\$265.90(a)
as to ensure the immediate	pathways for dense immiscibles.	\$265.91(a)(2)
detection of any	• inadequate vertical distribution of wells	§265.90(a)
contamination	in thick or heavily stratified aquifer.	\$265.91(a)(2)
migrating from the	• inadequate horizontal distribution of	\$265.90(a)
facility.	wells in aquifers of varying hydraulic conductivity.	§265.91(a)(2)
	· likely pathways of contamination (e.g.,	§265.90(a)
	buried streams channels, fractures,	\$265.91(a)(2)
	ACTION STATEMENT CHARACTER IN THE COLUMN TO	3500.21(a/(a/
	areas of high permeability) are not intersected by wells.	\$200.51(a)(a)
	areas of high permeability) are not	§265.90(a)

use of improper sample preservation

techniques.

\$270.14(c)(4)

\$265.93(d)(4) \$270.14(c)(4)

\$265.90(a) \$265.92(a)

Examples of Basic Elements Required by Performance Standards	Examples of Technical Inadequacies that may Constitute Violations	Regulatory Citations
7. Samples from		§265.90(a)
background and	<ul> <li>samples collected with a device that is</li> </ul>	\$265.92(a)
downgradient	constructed of materials that interfere	\$265.93(d)(4)
wells must be	with sample integrity.	\$270.14(c)(4)
properly collected	samples collected with a non-dedicated	
and analyzed.	sampling device that is not cleaned	\$265.90(a)
(Continued)	between sampling events.	§265.92(a)
	com sampling events.	§265.93(d)(4) §270.14(c)(4)
	<ul> <li>improper use of a sampling device such</li> </ul>	§265.90(a)
	that sample quality is affected (e.g.,	§265.92(a)
	degassing of sample caused by agitation	§265.93(d)(4)
	of bailer).	\$270.14(c)(4)
	• improper handling of samples (e.g.,	§265.90(a)
	failure to eliminate headspace from	§265.92(a)
	containers of samples to be analyzed for	\$265.93(d)(4)
	volatiles).	\$270.14(c)(4)
	a failure of the compline plants and the	
	• failure of the sampling plan to establish	\$265.90(a)
	procedures for sampling immiscibles (i.e., "floaters" and "sinkers").	\$265.92(a)
	(1.0.) Modern and Shires ).	§265.93(d)(4) §270.14(c)(4)
	•	3270.17(0)(4)
	• failure to follow appropriate QA/QC	\$265.90(a)
	procedures.	§265.92(a)
		\$265.93(d)(4)
		\$270.14(c)(4)
•	failure to ensure sample integrity through	\$265.90(a)
	the use of proper chain-of-custody	\$265.92(a)
	procedures.	\$265.93(d)(4)
	•	\$270.14(c)(4)
•	failure to demonstrate enterbilling of	:
	failure to demonstrate suitability of methods used for sample analysis (other	\$265.90(a)
	than those specified in SW-846).	\$265.92(a)
	— шоот эресписа III 3 <del>и</del> -040).	§265.93(d)(4) §270.14(c)(4)
	,	
•	failure to perform analysis in the field on	§265.90(a)
	unstable parameters or constituents (e.g.,	§265.92(a)
	pH, Eh, specific conductance, alkalinity,	\$265.93(d)(4)
	dissolved oxygen).	§270.14(c)(4)

Examples of Basic Elements Required by Performance Standards	Examples of Technical Inadequacies that may Constitute Violations	Regulatory Citations
7. Samples from background and downgradient wells must be properly collected	<ul> <li>use of sample containers that may interfere with sample quality (e.g., synthetic containers used with volatile samples).</li> </ul>	\$265.90(a) \$265.92(a) \$265.93(d)(4) \$270.14(c)(4)
and analyzed. (Continued)	• failure to make proper use of sample blanks.	§265.90(a) §265.92(a) §265.93(d)(4) §270.14(c)(4)
	·	·
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### Appendix B (Landfill Assessment Report)

June 18,1998

Mr. Bill Miller
Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection
Southeast Regional Office
Lee Park, Suite 6010
555 North Lane
Conshohocken, PA 19428

Re: Administrative Order

Against Boyertown Sanitary Disposal Company, Inc. and Mr. Warren K. Frame AGES Project No. 48004.01 CO061898.01

Dear Mr. Miller:

This letter report summarizes existing site conditions and recommendations for corrective action for the leachate management, gas management and groundwater systems at the Boyertown Landfill situated in Douglass Township, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania. This report is based on the results of a site inspection on May 7, 1998.

This evaluation was done under authorization of Mr. Warren Frame, Boyertown Sanitary Disposal Company (BSD), in accordance with a PA Department of Environmental Protection Administrative Order, dated March 1998.

## Site Observations

The following observations were made:

LEACHATE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM - Components evaluated include Effluent Pump House, Air Stripper, Leachate Treatment Plant, Clarifier and Fixed Film Reactor, Effluent Lagoons A & B, Raw Leachate Lagoon and Manholes.

## • Effluent Pump House

The effluent pumps which draw treated effluent from lagoons A & B are not operational. BSD currently uses a portable pump to discharge treated effluent from lagoons to BMMA sewer. Mr. Frame informed AGES that the portable pump has been effective and pumps at a rate of thirty (30) gallons a minute.

## • Air Stripper

Was in good condition at time of site inspection. The air blower unit was operational and leachate was being processed.

#### • Leachate Treatment Plant

Leachate was being processed at time of inspection. All original plant equipment was in place and operating as designed. Leachate piping and flow patterns were normal. The plant equipment was clean and well maintained. There were no odors detected in the plant.

### • Clarifier and Fixed Film Reactor

Was in good condition and operational at time of site inspection. The flow rate of raw Leachate though the system was constant and tanks were not overloaded.

## • Effluent Lagoons A&B

Pater 15

Both hypolon liners are in need of repair. Several holes were observed on the top edge of both liners. Patches were noted, with fish mouth type gaps at the edge of the patch.

The liner pipe boots, installed around the 3" effluent return lines, are in poor condition.

Lagoon A has water trapped in between the secondary and primary liners.

## Raw Leachate Lagoon

The liner is generally in good condition. However, several holes were observed along the liner's upper edge.

#### Manholes

All manholes appear to be functioning properly with the exception of manhole #5. Manhole #5 is filled with concrete. This apparently was done to eliminate a leachate leak into an adjacent stormwater swale. Raw leachate is transferred by pump at times of



high flow or by gravity at times of low flow from MH #6 to the lagoon. All other manholes are operational.

GROUNDWATER MONITORING SYSTEM - The site groundwater monitoring system is operational. Groundwater monitoring wells are painted, numbered and have locked lid systems.

GAS MANAGEMENT SYSTEM - The gas management system is in place but not operational. The metal building which houses the gas burner and blower unit has deteriorated and collapsed. The burner itself still discharges gas when its flow control valve is opened. The electricity has been turned off to the blower unit and auto ignitor.

OIL CONTAMINATED SOIL - The soil contaminated with #2 fuel oil, approximately 42 cy., was placed on top of a larger soil stockpile behind Waste Management's trailer storage area (western side of the property). The soil has been disked multiple times for aeration. The soil had been graded and seeded. There was no visible sign of staining or standing oil.

LEACHATE RECIRCULATING TRENCHES - Mr. Frame informed AGES that in the fall of 1995 he excavated two trenches on the top of the landfill to recirculate leachate. On November 5, 1997 BSD backfilled the two (2) trenches on top of the landfill. This operation took approximately one (1) week to complete.

The western trench measured approximately 26' long and 6' wide x 5' deep.

The eastern trench measured approximately 17' long x 6' wide x 5' deep.

The trenches were backfilled in the following sequence:

Both trenches were cleaned and their bottoms compacted. On November 6, 1997 waste was placed in the trenches in one (1) foot lifts and compacted until the waste blended with the existing waste grade. New cover soil and clay was trucked into the site. The trenches were then reconstructed as per the closure plan. The new soil layers consisted of one (1) foot of subsoil (compacted), two (2) feet of clay (compacted) and one (1) foot of topsoil. The two (2) disturbed areas were then graded and seeded. Soil placement photographs and soil delivery slips are presented in Appendix A.



After completion of backfilling there was excess soil intermixed with a small amount of municipal waste (approximately 63 cy. total). This blend of materials was stockpiled north of Waste Management's Recycling Transfer Station on the west side of the property.

RAW LEACHATE TESTING - Samples are taken from the raw leachate lagoon at least once per year as per Berks - Montgomery Municipal Authority permit requirements. Historical raw leachate data is presented in Appendix B.

## Recommendations

Leachate Management System which includes Effluent Pump House, Air Striper, Leachate Treatment Plant, Clarifier and Fixed Film Reactor, Effluent Lagoons A & B, Raw Leachate Lagoon and Manholes.

- Effluent Pump House No action necessary. Although the effluent pumps are not operational the portable pump system is adequate.
- Air Stripper No action necessary.
- Leachate Treatment Plant No action necessary.
- Clarifier and Fixed Film Reactor No action necessary.
- Effluent Lagoons A & B All holes and tears in the primary hypolon liner should be repaired. Previously patched areas of the liners with fish mouth edges should be repaired.

The worn pipe boots around both of the 3" effluent return lines should be repaired or replaced. Due to the heavy wear of the primary liners where the effluent from the discharge pipes strikes the liner surface, an additional piece of liner, approximately 2'x3' in size, should be installed to act as a wearing surface.

After repairs are made to the primary liner in lagoon A, the detection zone (12" sand layer between the primary and secondary liners) should be pumped to remove all trapped water. The water can be pumped out to lagoon A via the 4" PVC witness detection pipe located adjacent to the effluent return line.

• Raw Leachate Lagoon - Repairs should be made to the primary liners top two (2) feet where necessary. The small holes which were observed in the liner were most likely made by the lawn tractor tires. To avoid damaging the liner, vehicle tires should remain off the liner.



## • Manholes - No action necessary.

GROUNDWATER MONITORING SYSTEM - The Form 19, "Municipal Waste Landfill Quarterly and Annual Water Quality Analyses" sampling will be resumed. The first quarter will be an annual event.

GAS MANAGEMENT SYSTEM - The gas burner system will be made operational after the old building is removed.

LEACHATE RECIRCULATING TRENCHES - No action necessary. The trenches have been backfilled to existing grade as per the closure plan. Soil placement photographs and soil delivery slips are presented in Appendix A

The left over soil and municipal waste from the trench excavation will be spread out and hand picked to remove all incidental waste. The waste will then be properly disposed off site. The soil will be retained for miscellaneous grading.

OIL CONTAMINATED SOIL - The contaminated soil will be sampled and analyzed and appropriate action taken if measured TPH levels are found to be above current PADEP action levels.

RAW LEACHATE TESTING - No action necessary. The frequency of raw and treated leachate testing is consistent with requirements of BMMA's permit. Historical Raw Leachate Data is presented in Appendix B.

## Schedules

Effluent lagoons A and B and raw Leachate Lagoon - Anticipated time to complete patching and repairs to the primary lagoons is 45 days after PADEP approval of this plan.

Ground Water Monitoring - First quarter sampling will begin after PADEP approval of this plan.

Gas Management - One (1) month to clean-up building after PADEP approval of this plan.

Leachate Recirculating Trenches - Anticipated time to complete sorting of municipal waste from the soil is two (2) months after PADEP approval of this plan.

Oil Contaminated Soil - One (1) month to sample soil, receive analytical data, review data and present results to PADEP. After review and acceptance by PADEP, any additional required actions should take approximately two (2) months.



## **Limitations**

The observations, conclusions and recommendations contained herein are based solely on our review of the information obtained from Mr. Warren Frame and observed conditions at the time of the on-site evaluation. If information is obtained by any party connected with this project which could affect the contents of this report, AGES should be so advised immediately.

Please call us if you have any questions.

Respectfully submitted, AGES Corporation

Richard L. Bodge

Environmental Specialist

A. A. Fungaroli, Ph.D., P.E.

President

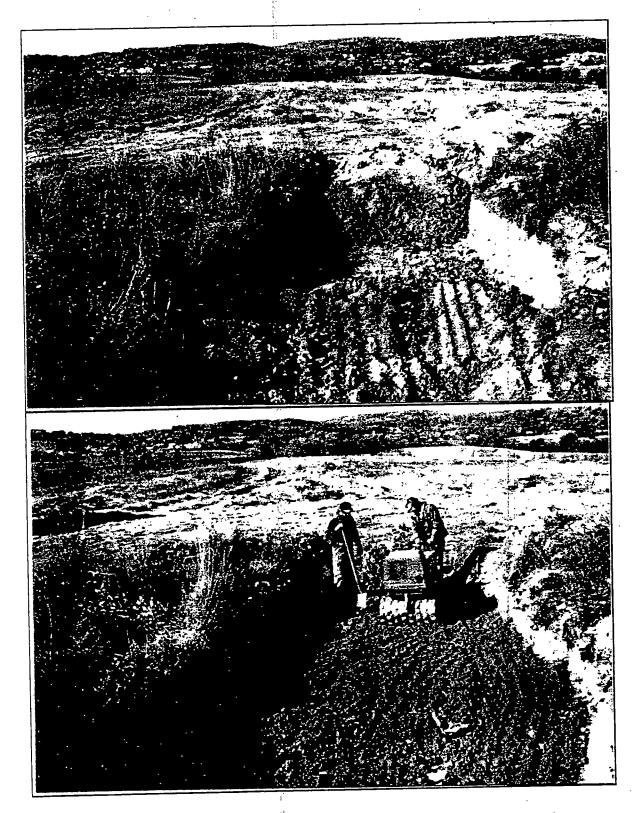
## APPENDIX A

Leachate Recirculating Trench Reconstruction (Photographs and Soil Delivery Slips)



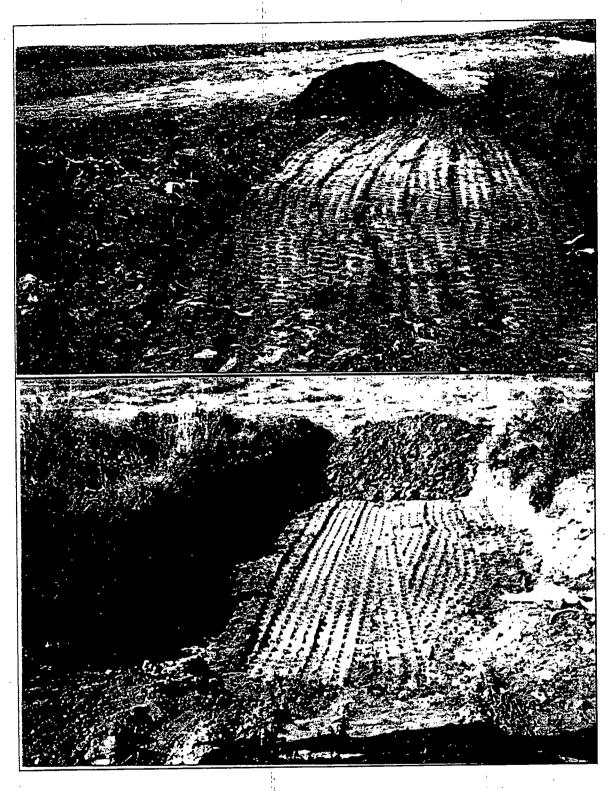
Backfilling trench with municipal waste and soil blend.
 Backfilling with subbase soil.

Boyertown Landfill Ages Project No. 48004.01



- Backfilling trench with clay.
   Compaction of clay.

Boyertown Landfill AGES Project No. 48004.01



Placement of top soil.

Boyertown Landfill AGES Project No. 48004.01



L.U. DUX ATT Bechtelsville, Pa 19505 phone (610) 367-2011 fax (610) 367-8613

School is Open .3.3

TICKET #738232

Watch the buses

ALL TRUCKS MUST TORP

Shipped to:

DAVE KELIUS KL@6 COSHC TRUCK CUSTOMER CASH4A JOB CASH CONTRACTOR 40 PRUJECT No. THUR/CONT/HAUL PROJECT NAME MG Tons Loads lbs. kцs. 20.52 22.62 314A0 DAILY 1 69400 GROSS WEIGHT 22.62 20.53 10954 TUTAL. 24150 . 9 TORE WEIGHT TIME OUT 07:48:55 TIME IN 07:48:55 41051 45250 NET WEIGHT 20.53 OPERATOR GARY HET TONS ea. 6a MATERIAL NAME Subase Soil . 188 MATERIAL CODE MATERIAL CHGE. 114.26 \$5.05/Bon MATERIAL PPICE \$166.26 ‡Ø. ØØ/ton NET CHARGE HOUL RATE \$Q. QQ \$52£00 0.00% SALES TAX HOUL CHARGE \$166.26 TUTAL CHARGE

> The signature below certifies that this material meets the applicable contract. specifications and requirements.

> > Customer

Terms of An interest charge of 1.5% per month (19.6% APR) will be added to all balances over 30 d. Purchaser agrees to maintain a suitable roadway for seller's trucks from street pavement of delivery. Seller will not be responsible for any damage caused by seller's trucks after

street pavement. Seller will not be responsible for spreading material.

DATE

11/06/97

\$166.26

P.O. Box 297 Bechielsville, Pa 19505 phone (610) 367-2011 fax (610) 367-8613

33

School is Open

FICKET #738258

CASH TENDERED

11/06/97 DATE

Watch the buses ALL TRUCKS MUST TARP

Shipped to:

DAVE KELIUS TRUCK KL06 CUSTUMER CASHO CASH4A JOB CASH CONTRACTOR PRUJECT 44 No. THUR/CONT/HAUL PROJECT NAME MG Tons Loads 1bs. 40.82 2 45.00 DAILY GROSS VEIGHT 68900 31853 40.82 45.00 Ξ TOTAL 24150 10954 TARE WEIGHT S TIME OUT 08:42:55 TIME IN 08:42:55 4.めごりて NET WEIGHT 44750 GARY 20.30 OPERATOR NET TONS 22.38 MATERIAL NAME Subase Soil 188 MOTERIAL CUDE 112.99 MATERIAL CHGE. MATERIAL PRICE \$5.05/ton \$164.99 NET CHARGE \$Ø. ØØ/ቺnn HOUL RATE \$ ଫ. ହଫ **\*52:00** 0.00% SALES TAX HOUL CHORGE \$164.99 TUTAL CHARGE \$164.99

> The signature below certifies that this specifications and requirements.

CASH TENDERED

Terms of Purchase Agreement: material meets the applicable contract. An interest charge of 1.5% per month (19.6% APR) will be added to all balances over 30 Purchaser agrees to maintain a suitable roadway for seller's trucks from street pavemen



P.O. Box 297 Bechtelsville, Pa 19505 phone (610) 367-2011 fax (610) 367-8613

School is Open

TICKET #738278

Watch the buses ALL TRUCKS MUST TARP

Shipped to:

CUSTOMER CASHC TRUCK KL06 DAVE KELIUS CASH CONTRACTOR JOB CASH4A PROJECT No. 4A PROJECT NAME THUR/CONT/HAUL lbs. kgs Loads Tons MG RUSS WEIGHT 70400 31933 DAILY . . 3 68.12 61.80 TARE WEIGHT 24150 S 10954 TUTAL 3 68.12 61.80 NET WEIGHT 46250 41358. TIME IN 09:28:48 TIME OUT 09:28:48 NET TONS 23.12 ଟ**ଉ.** ୨୫″ OPERATOR GARY MATERIAL CODE 188 MATERIAL NAME Subase Soil MATERIAL PRICE \$5.05/ton MATERIAL CHGE. 116.78 HAUL RATE \$0.00/ton NET CHARGE \$168.78 HAUL CHARGE \$52.00 0.00% SALES TAX \$0.00 TOTAL CHARGE! \$168.78

CASH TENDERED

The signature below certifies that this specifications and requirements.

Terms of Purchase Agreement:

DATE

11/06/97

\$168.78

material meets the applicable contract. An interest charge of 1.5% per month (19.6% APR) will be added to all balances over 30 days of Purchaser agrees to maintain a suitable roadway for seller's trucks from street pavement to poof delivery. Seller will not be resconsible for any damage caused by seller's trucks after leavistreet pavement. Seller will not be responsible for spreading material.

Weighmaster

Driver

## APPENDIX B

Raw Leachate Analytical Data

Mårch 21, 1995

To: BOYERTOWN SANITARY DISPOSAL

100 MERKEL ROAD

... GILBERTSVILLE: PA-19525

ATTN: JOHN KESELER

458-5300 . SUARTERLY

The following analytical regults have been obtained for the indicated sample which was submitted to this laboratory:

Sample I.D. AB43739

Sampling date: 20/10

Sample collector: KEN MOCK

Sample collection date: 03/13/95 Time: 09:50

Lab submittal date: 03/13/95

Received by: KM ---

Client's Code: BODISPOS\_\_\_ Client's Description: RAW LEACHATE

Time: 11:00

Validated by: SLG

Parameter: pH

Method reference: 150.1

Result: 7.4 pH Units

Date started: 03/13/95

Time started: 12:27

Parameter: BOD. .. Carbonaceous

Method reference: 405.2

Result: 39 mg/1 -----

Date started: 03/13/95

Time started:

MDL or sensitivity: 0.01 Date finished: 03/13/95 Analyst: WB -

MDL or sensitivity: 5.0

Date finished: 03/19/95

\* MDL or sensitivity: 5.0

Date finished: 03/15/95

Analyst: AD

Parameter: Solids. Total Dissolved

Method reference: 150.1

Result: 787 mg/l %

Date started: 03/14/95 ··

Time started:

Parameter: Nitrogen. Ammonia

Method reference: 350.3

Result: 59.7 mg/l

Date started: 03/16/95

Time started:

MDL or sensitivity: 0.5 Date finished: 03/16/95

Analyst: AD

Analyst: W3

Parameter: Phosphate. Total. as P

Method reference: 365.3

Result: 2.22 mg/1

Date started: 03/14/95

Time started: 10:12

MDL or sensitivity: 0.05 Date finished: 03/14/95

Analyst: WE

Rerch 21, 1995 g :a6೯a <del>irsodsie kurwikys kmakuzka</del>

Result: <0.01

Parameter: Chromium, Hewavalent

5700 :spneraler bodisk

Deter started abstrate etac

OS:E1 :betress emiT

High No white the state of the 28/71/50 : befitefa efec 7.002 :ednerelet boddeM . Tedolin : Yetsenerseq "

7.005 : eanerelet bodjek Parameter: Copper

Delte started: 03/17/95 Result: <0.010

· Trans W:beditate-eatil - . : ....

X-002 :ednereler bodjek noti : Tetemere9

:befiels enit Date started: 03/17/55 1/5m 45.8 :118298

Method reference: 420.1 Parameter: Phenolics. Total

Date started: 03/16/55 F0.0> : #142==R

fc:01 :betts emit

Parameter: Color

Result: 120 Color Units Mathod reference: 110.2

Tame started: 12:52 Date started: 03/13/95

Parameter: Antimony by Graphitte Furnace

Method reference: 204.2

0.8> :fluesR

Time started: Date started: 03/17/55

Detre started: 03/17/95

Method reference: 200.7

Result: 0.693 mg/l

mutred : refemenes

Kesult: 6.0 ug/l

Tiet :batteda amit

DE\SINEO :betrata etad

:batrefa smiT

T.402 :apmaralar bodiam epentur efitagerd yd bineera :refemeraf

: EWE : JavianA

Init: ug/l

Analyst: WB

בוֹאַבַּה : לַבַּתּוֹי

| EWE : #EYLEnA

הַעַּיָבָי שַּפֿייַלָי

EW :JevienA

大学6世 (147年)

- Analyst: BWG --

D.E : Wilvitzenes to ICM

AWE : tayleda בפורס וףפעדדעדן פורדפן

Date finished: 00/17/90

MDL or sensitivity: 8.8

Sete finished: 03/13/95

MDE or sensitivity: 5.0

Selenta : bedeintl efec

ADL or sensititity: 0.04

38/71/50 :bedainil eteC

MIL or sensitivity: 0.10

---- TEVLERA

MDL or sensitivity: 0.010

28/71/59 : Pedatatata edeC

SELTINGS: badaintl etac

SEVETVED Apadatath acad

MDE or sensitivity: 0.01

MDL or sensitivity: 0.01

.... WEW :JevienA

Date finished: 03/17/55-

MDL or sensitivity: 0.018

<del>RTCHN CANITARY BIZPSZAL</del>

Page: 3

-March-21,-1995----

Parameter: Lead by Graphite Furnace

Method reference: 239.2

Result: <1.0

Date started: 03/17/95

Time started:

Parameter: Cadmium

Method reference: 200.7

Result: <0.003

Date\_started: 03/17/95

Time started:

Parameter: Cyanide. Total

Method reference: 335.2

Result: <0.01

Date\_started:\_ 03/13/95

Time started: 11:07

. . Parameter: Fluoride

Method reference: 340.2

Result: <0.50

Date started: 03/14/95

Time started:

Parameter: Mercury

Method reference: 245.1

Result: <0.0002

Date started: 03/13/95

Time started: 11:20

- Parameter: - Selenium by Graphite Furnace

Method reference: 270.2

Result: <5.0

Date started: 03/16/95

Time started: 17:21

Parameter: Silver

Method reference: 200.7

Result: <0.01

Date started: 03/17/95

Time started:

Parameter: Zinc

Method reference: 200.7

Result: 0.011 mg/l

Date started: 03/17/95

Time started:

Parameter: Grease & Oil

Method reference: 413.2

Result: <0.90

Date started: 03/15/95

Time started: 15:25

Unit: ug/l

MDL or sensitivity: 1.0

Date finished: 03/17/95

Analyst: BWB

Unit: mg/l

MDL or sensitivity: 0.003

Date finished: 03/17/95

Analyst: BWB---

- Unit: mg/l

MPL or sensitivity: 0.01

Date finished: 00/15/95

Analyst: AD

Unit: mg/l

MDL or sensitivity: 0.5

Date finished: 03/14/95

Analyst: AD

Unit: mg/l

MDL or sensitivity: 0.0002

Date finished: 03/14/95

Analyst: LAW

Unit: ug/l ...

MDL or sensitivity: 5.0

Date finished: 03/16/95

Analyst: BWB ;

Unit: mg/l

MDL or sensitivity: 0.01

Date finished: 03/17/95

Analyst: BWB

MDL or sensitivity: 0.005

Tate finished: 03/17/95

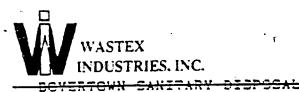
Analyst: EWE

Unit: mg/l

MDL or sensitivity: 0.90

Date finished: 03/15/95

Analyst: PER



Page: 4 March\_21,\_\_1995\_

Parameter: Digestion for Metals Analysis

Method reference: 3050

Result: Completed

Date started: 03/15/95

Time started: 08:30

Unit:

MDL or sensitivity:

Date finished: 03/15/95

Analyst: LAW

Parameter: Volatiles by GC/MS

Method reference: 624

Result: SEE ATTACHED ...

Date started: 03/21/95 Time started:

Unit:

MDL or sensitivity:

Date finished: 03/21/95

-- Analyst: SS --

Parameter: Semivolatiles by EC/MS

Method reference: S25

Result: SEE ATTACEND

Date started: 23/21/95

Time started:

Unit:

MDL or sensitivity:

Date finished: 03/21/95

Analyst: SS

Sample comments:

RAW LEACHATE GRAB

If there are any questions regarding this data, please call.

Released By

# UDLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

Lab Name: WASTEX INDUSTRIES, NJDEP Cent. # 77371 Lab\_Sample No. :AB43739 Project Name: BOYERTOWN SANITARY DISPOSAL :: >F55.03 Lab File ID Sample Ident: RAW LEACHATE 03/21/95 Date Analyzed Sample Matrix: WATER 1.00 Dilution Factor: CONCENTRATION UNITS: UG/L COMPOUND CAS No. 551050252555252 107-02-8 107-13-1 74-87-3 74-83-9 -Acrolein Acrylonitrile Chloromethane Bromomethane 75-01-4 75-00-3 Vinoi-Chloride Chloroethane Methylene Chloride Trichlorofluoromethane 1,1-Dichloroethene -69-4 -35-4 1-Dichloroethane -34-3 ,2-Dichloroethene 150-60-5 67-66-3 Chloroform 1,2-Dichloroethane 07-06-2 71-55-6 56-23-5 1-Trichloroethane Tetrachloride Bromodichloromethane 1,2-Dichloropropane 75-27-4 78-87-5 .3-Dichloropropene 10061-01 79-01-6 Trichloroethene 5 1 1 20 Dibromochloromethane 124-48-1 -Trichloroethane **79-00-5** Benzene : trans-1,3-Dichloropropene trans-1-3-bulvinyl ether 71-43-2 10061-02 110-75-8 75-25-2 75-25-2 127-18-4 79-34-5 Bromoform etrachloroethene ,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane 108-88-3 108-90-7 ólúeńe 4555155 Chlorobenzene Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 -Xylene 1330-20-7 1330-20-7 m/p-Xylenes 3-Dichlorobenzene 541-73-1 95-50-1 2-Dichlorobenzene 4-Dichlorobenzene

Data reporting qualifiers: Indicates the compound was analyzed for but not detected. Indicates an estimated value used when a compound is detected at less than the specified detection limit. Indicates the analyte was found in the blank as well as in the sample. Indicates the analyte was found in the blank as well as in the sample.

icates the analyte concentration exceeds the calibration range the GC/MS instrument for that specific analyte. Indicates

# SEMIUOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

Lab Name: WASTEX INDUSTRIES, NJDEP Cert.# 77371 Project Name: BOYERTOWN SANITARY DISPOSAL Lab Sample No. Lab File ID Sample Ident: RAW LEACHATE : 03/21/95 Date\_Analyzed Sample Matrix: WATER Dilution Factor: CONCENTRATION UNITS: UG/L

CAS No. COMPOUND	
62-75-9	555555555555555555555555555555555555555

Data reporting qualifiers:
Indicates the compound was analyzed for but not detected.
Indicates an estimated value used when a compound is detected
at less than the specified detection limit.
Indicates the analyte was found in the blank as well as in the sample.
Indicates the analyte concentration exceeds the calibration range
of the GC/MS instrument for that specific analyte.

: >AF342

# SEMIUULATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

Lab Name: WASTEX INDUSTRIES, NJDEP Cert. # 77371

Lab Sample No. : AB43739 Project Name: BOYERTOWN SANITARY DISPOSAL

Lab File ID Sample Ident: RAW LEACHATE : 03/21/95 Date Analyzed

Sample Matrix: WATER Dilution Factor: 1:00

CAS No.	COMPOUND	5: Ub/L	Q
	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine1,2-Diphenylhydrazine4-Bromophenyl-phenyletherHexachlorobenzenePentachlorophenolPhenanthreneAnthraceneDi-n-butylphthalate		55555555555555555555555555555555555555

Data reporting qualifiers: Indicates the compound was analyzed for but not detected. Indicates the compound was analyzed when a compound is detected Indicates an estimated value used when a compound is detected at less than the specified detection limit. Indicates the analyte was found in the blank as well as in the sample. Indicates the analyte concentration exceeds the calibration range of the GC/MS instrument for that specific analyte.

# Wastex Industries, Inc. 28 South Hanover Street Pottstown, PA 19464 [610] 327-9608 Attn. 1

# WASTEX INDUSTRIES, INC.

TOTAL MANAGEMENT AND A CHOICE WILL LITTLE OF BRIGHT

Chery Haroe,			
Address _	 		
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Phone	 	 ٠ -	TAX .
Attio			

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28 S. Hanover Street Pottstown, PA 19464 610/327-0880

August 15, 1995

BOYERTOWN SANITARY DISPOSAL To:

300 MERKEL ROAD

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ATTN: JOHN KESSLER ---

458-5300 QUARTERLY

The following analytical results have been obtained for the indicated sample which was submitted to this laboratory:

Sample I.D. AB48988 ---- Client's Code: BODISPOS

Sample collector: KEN MOCK

Sample collection date: 08/07/95 Time: 09:00

Lab submittal date: 08/07/95 Time: 11:30

Received by: KM

Sampling date: 08/07 Client's Description: RAW LEACHATE

-- Validated by: SLG

Parameter: pH

Method reference: 150.1

Result: 8.1 pH Units

Date started: 08/07/95

Time started:

MDL or sensitivity: 0.01

Date finished: 08/07/95

Analyst: AD

Parameter: BOD --5 Day -- -

Method reference: 405.1

.\_\_\_\_\_ Date. started: 08/09/95...\_ \_\_\_\_...

. Time started:

MDL or sensitivity: 5.0

Date\_finished: 08/14/95

Analyst: AD

Parameter: Solids, Total Dissolved

Method reference: 160.1

Result: 2015 mg/l

Date started: 08/10/95

Time started:

MDL or sensitivity: 5.0 Date finished: 08/11/95

Analyst: AD

Parameter: Nitrogen, Ammonia

Method reference: 350.3

Result: 78.7 mg/l

Date started: 08/14/95

Time started:

MDL or sensitivity: 0.5 Date finished: 08/14/95

Analyst: AD

Parameter: Phosphate, Total, as P

Method reference: 365.3

Result: 0.45 mg/l

Date started: 08/10/95

Time atarted:

MDL or sensitivity: 0.05 Date finished: 08/10/95

Analyst: TLH

Page: 2

August 15, 1995

Time started:

ומזל: שפ/ו

<del>aan ahaa ka ka ka ka ahaa ka ahaa ka ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa ahaa</del>

26\70\80 :balisls alsO Result: <0.03 Method reference: 307B · Parameter: Chromium, Hexavalent

Parameter: Mickel 

Method reference: 200.7 Result: 0.05 mg/l -----Date started: 08/09/95

Result: <0.010 Method reference: 200.7 Parameter: Copper

Ze\e0\80 :bəfrafa əfa@

· - - 1.4 Time of the teds of the terminal of

Time started: Date started: 08/09/95 Result: 3.40 mg/l ...... Method reference: - 200.7 Parameter: Iron

Method reference: 420.1 Parameter: Phenolics, Total

- Ze\AI\80 :bejrafa eja@ Result: <0.04

Method reference: 110.2 Parameter: Color.

Time started: Dete started: 08/07/95 Result: 200 Color Unita

Parameter: Antimony by Graphite Furnace

Result: <8.0 Method reference: 204.2

:befreds eatt Date started: 08/10/95

Peremeter: Arsenic by Graphite Furnace

Method reference: 206.2

Jete started: 08/11/95 Result: 9.40 ug/l

Time started:

Method reference: 200.7 Parameter: Barium

Time started: Date started: 08/09/95 -Result: 0.584 mg/l

Analyst: AD Date finished: 08/07/95 MDL or sensitivity: 0.03

Springer of the table of table o Dete finished: 08/09/95 MDL or sensitivity: 0.01

Analyst: BWB 😙 26/60/80 Ebedaintl ejsu MDL or sensitivity: 0.010 I\ga : fraU

Ama : JaylenA Date finished: 08/09/95 MDL or sensitivity: 0.10

Analyst:-TLH Date finished: 08/14/95 MDL or sensitivity: 0.04 קיסם :קדיח

da : fayisna Date finished: 08/07/95 MDL or sensitivity: 25.0

Ana :JevianA Dete finished: 08/10/95 MDL or sensitivity: 8.0 ւ։ 1/8տ ւշեռՍ

Analyst: BWB Dete finished: 08/11/95 . MDL or sensitivity: 5.0

**BWB** : taylenk Date finished: 08/09/95 MDL or sensitivity: 0.010

PA DER 46-005



Page: 3 August 15, 1995

Parameter: Lead by Graphite Furnace

Method reference: 239.2.

Result: 5.56 ug/l

Date started: 08/09/95

Time started:

MDL or sensitivity: 1.0 Date finished: 08/09/95

Analyst: BWB

·--··Parameter: Cadmium

Method reference: 200.7

Result: <0.003 \_\_\_ Date started: 08/09/95

Time started:

Unit: mg/l

Date finished: 08/09/95

Analyst: BWB

Parameter: Cyanide, Total Method reference: 335.2

Result:\_<0.01\_\_\_\_

Date started: 08/08/95

Time started: 13:09

Unit: mg/l '

MDL or sensitivity: 0.01

Date finished: 08/08/95

Analyst: AD

Parameter: Fluoride Method reference: 340.2

Result: <0.50

Date started: 08/10/95

Time started:

Unit: mg/l

MDL or sensitivity: 0.5

Date finished: 08/10/95

Analyst: AD

Parameter: Mercury Method reference: 245.1

Result: 0.0009 mg/l

Date started: 08/10/95

Time started: 10:50

MDL or sensitivity: 0.0002

Date finished: 08/10/95

Analyst: CMH

Parameter: Selenium by Graphite Furnace\_\_\_\_\_

Method reference: 270.2 Result: <5.0

Date started: 08/14/95

Time started:

\_\_Unit:\_ug/l\_

MDL or sensitivity: 5.0

Date finished: 08/14/95

Analyst: BWB

Parameter: Silver

Method reference: 200.7

Result: <0.01

Date started: 08/09/95

Time started:

Unit: mg/l

MDL or sensitivity: 0.01

Date finished: 08/09/95

Analyst: BWB

Parameter: Zinc

Method reference: 200.7

Result: <0.005

Date started: 08/09/95

Time started:

Unit: mg/l

MDL or sensitivity: 0.005

Date finished: 08/09/95

Analyst: BWB

Parameter: Grease & Oil Method reference: 413.2

Regult: 1.40 mg/l

Date started: 08/08/95

Time started: 13:17

MDL or sensitivity: 0.90 Date finished: 08/08/95. Analyst:



Page: 4 August\_ 15,\_ 1995\_

Parameter: Digestion for Metals Analysis

Method reference: 3050 Unit:

Result: Completed

Date started: 08/09/95

Time started:

MDL or sensitivity:

Date finished: 08/09/95

Analyst: BWB

Parameter: Volatiles by GC/MS

Method reference: 624

Result: SEE-ATTACHED MILE MDL or sensitivity:

Date started: 08/09/95 Time started! Analyst: LM

Unit:

and the second s

Date finished: 08/09/95

Parameter: Semivolatiles by GC/MS

- Method reference: 625

Result: SEE ATTACHED .....

Date started: 08/08/95

Unit:

Unit:
MDL or sensitivity:

Date finished: 08/08/95

Time started: Analyst: SS

Sample comments:

RAW LEACHATE GRAB

If there are any questions regarding this data, please call.

Released By

# UDLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

Lab Name: WASTEX INDUSTRIES, NJDEP Cert. # 77371 Lab Sample No. : AB48988 Project Name: BOYERTOWN SANITARY DISPOSAL -Lab-File ID ---::::>F6931-Sample=Ident:=RAW-LEACHATE Date Analyzed: : 08/09/95 Sample Matrix: WATER Dilution Factor:\_\_ CONCENTRATION UNITS: UG/L CAS No. -- COMPOUND Acrolein 5Ď 107-13-1 Acrylonitrile 10 Chloromethane 74-87-3 10 i 74-83-9 Bromomethane Vinyl Chloride 75-01-4 10 75 - 00 - 3 75 - 09 - 2 Chloroethane -Methylene Chloride -Trichlorofluoromethane -1,1-Dichloroethene -35-4 1,1-Dichloroethane trans-1,2-Dichloroethane Chloroform 156-60-5 6フー66ー3 1,2-Dichloroethana 1,1,1-Trichloroethana Carbon Tetrachlorida 107-06-2 Bromodichloromethane 75-27-4 1,2-Dichloropropana cis-1,3-Dichloropropana cis-1,3-Dichlor Trichloroethene 10061-01 -01-6 24-48-1 Dibromochloromethane 1,1,2-Trichlorosthans 79-00-5. Benzene trans-1,3-Dichloropropens 10061-02 110-25-8 20 2-Chloroethylvinyl ether -Bromoform---25-2-Tetrachlorosthens 27-18-4 ,2,2-Tetrachlorosthans 79-34-5 108-88-3 Tólúene Chlorobenzene 108-90-7 555555 100-41-4 1330-20-7 Ethylbenzene o-Xylene 1330-20-7 zenely<u>X</u>-g 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 1,2-Dichlorobenzene 95-50-1 106-46-7 -1,4-Dichlorobenzene

Data reporting qualifiers:
 Indicates the compound was analyzed for but not detected.
 Indicates an estimated value used when a compound is detected at less than the specified detection limit.
 Indicates the analyte was found in the blank as well as in the sample.
 Indicates the analyte concentration exceeds the calibration range of the GC/MS instrument for that specific analyte.



# SEMIUOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

Lab Name: WASTEX INDUSTRIES, NJDEP Cert. 4 77371

Lab Sample No. : AB48988 Project Name: BOYERTOWN SANITARY DISPOSAL

: >AH202 Lab File ID Sample Ident: RAW LEACHATE

Date Analyzed : 08/08/95 Sample Matrix: WATER

Dilution Factor:

Data reporting qualifiers:
Indicates the compound was analyzed for but not detected.
Indicates an estimated value used when a compound is detected at less than the specified detection limit.
Indicates the analyte was found in the blank as well as in the sample. Indicates the analyte concentration exceeds the calibration range of the GC/MS instrument for that specific analyte.

Lab Name: WASTEX INDUSTRIES, NJDEP Cert. # 77371 Lab Sample No. : AB48988 Project Name: BOYERTOWN SANITARY DISPOSAL : >AH202 Lab File ID Sample Ident: RAW LEACHATE : 08/08/95 Date Analyzed Sample Matrix: WATER 1.00. Dilution Factor:

Data reporting qualifiers:
Indicates the compound was analyzed for but not detected.
Indicates an estimated value used when a compound is detected at less than the specified detection limit.
Indicates the analyte was found in the blank as well as in the sample.
Indicates the analyte concentration exceeds the calibration range of the GC/MS instrument for that specific analyte.

### COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES

PAGE: 1

LABORATORY REPORT FOR SAMPLE NUMBER H9522130 RECEIVED 4/21/95 REPORTED 4/26/95

COLLECTOR: TON CUNNINGHAM BYN SAMPLING DATE 4/20/95 COLLECTOR NO. 2141101 SAMPLING TIME 14:15 ESTABLISHMENT BOYERTOWN LANDFILE. STANDARD ANAL 200 :---CASE HAME LEACHATE AMALYSIS TYPE CODE STREAM CODE

ID CODE

RIVER HILE IND

RESULT CONC YERIFY BY-VERIFY DATE 00719A CH FREE HBS < 1.0000 US/L EVC 4/25/95 00720A -CYANIDE--- 0.0010 HS/L EVC 4/25/95

TOTAL NUMBER OF TESTS FOR THIS SAMPLE 2

# COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES

PAGE: 1

LABORATORY REPORT FOR SAMPLE NUMBER H9522132 RECEIVED 4/21/95 REPORTED 4/26/95

COLLECTOR TOM CUNNINGHAM BWM SAMPLING DATE: 4/20/95—
COLLECTOR NO. 2141105
ESTABLISHMENT BOYERTOWN LANDFILL
CASE NAME LEACHATE ANALYSIS
FACILITY
BASIN 8
VQN
TO CODE
RIVER MILE 1ND

TEST. DESCRIPTION RESULT CONC VERIFY BY VERIFY DATE

TOTAL NUMBER OF TESTS FOR THIS SAMPLE 2

# COMMONWEALTH OF PERMSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES

LABORATORY REPORT RECEIVED 4/21/95
FOR SAMPLE HUMBER H9572113 REPORTED 5/03/95

COLLECTOR TOM CUMNINGHAM BYM SAMPLING DATE 4/28/95 COLLECTOR NO. 2141100 SAMPLING TIME 14:15
ESTABLISHMENT BOYERTOYN LANDFILL STANDARD ANAL 200
CASE NAME LEACHATE ANALYSIS TYPE CODE
FACILITY ROY LEACHATE BASIN YON
ID CODE STREAM CODE
RIVER NILE IND

	=						
TEST	DESCRIPTION	i	RESULT	CONC	YERIFY	BY	YERIFY DATE
00095	SPEC CONDUCT		5559.0000	. ,	6	HVS	4/24/95
00403	PH LAB -		6.9000		6	2VH	4/21/95
10418	T ALK CACOS		1696.0000	H6/L	• 6	HYS	4/21/95
',0610A	NH3-N		186.0000	H6/L	6	HEN	4/21/95
· 00620A	NO3-N		0.0500	1\am	6	מנס	4/21/95
00680	C TOT ORGANC		134.0000	M6/L	6 .	YYX.	4/24/95
00719A	CM FREE HBG	•	1.0000	U6/L	6	EYC	4/25/95
00728A	- CYANIDE		0.0100_	ME/L	6 <u>-</u>	EYC	4/25/95:-
00918A	CA TOT REC		121.0000	MG/L	6	REV	4/25/95
00921A	HE TOT REC		155,0000	H6/L	6	REV.	4/27/95
. 00923A	MA TOT REC		489.0000	#6/L	5	REY	4/27/95
00939A	K TOT REC.		125.0000	M6/L	6	HYK	4/25/95
_ 00940A	· CL		1020.0000	H6/L	6 .	REX	4/21/95
. 009454	SO4 TOTAL		12.0000	M6/L	6.	EYC	5/02/95
00951	FLUORIDE TOT		0.5100	MS/L	6	FFY	4/21/95
009788	AS TOT REC		8.6000	U6/L	6	BHL	4/26/95
009804	FE TOT REC		23400.0000	US/L	6	REV	4/25/95
00981H	SE TOT REC		24.4000	US/L	€.	BHL	4/26/95
01009A	BA TOT REC	•	1770.0000	U6/L	6	REV	4/25/95
01079A	AG TOT REC	•	10.0000	UG/L	6	REY!	4/25/95
010944	ZW TOT REC		21,0000	UG/L	6	REY:	4/25/95
01113H	CD TOT REC	•	0.2000	'UE/L	6	BHL	4/26/95
01114H	PB TOT REC		11.6000	UE/L	6	BHL	4/26/95
01118H	CR TOT REC		19.8000	U6/L	e	BHL	4/26/95
01119A	CU TOT REC		19.0000	UG/L	6	REV	4/25/95
01123A	MN TOT REC		3180.0000	U6/L	£	REV	4/25/95
71901X	MERCURY REC	•	1.0000	UG/L	6	SAH	4/24/95
E2079	TURBIDITY		260.0000	UTW	ŧ	DHN	4/25/95
						4	



## BLUE MARSH LABORATORY, INC.

85 Benjamin Franklin Highway Douglassville, PA 19518 Phone (610) 327-8196 FAX (610) 327-6864 Certifications: NJ DEPE Cert #77925 PA DEP Cert #06-409

Tri-State Environmental, Inc. 1205 Pottstown Pike

Glenmoore, PA 19343

Attn: Byton Wenger

Lot No:

555

Number of Samples:

2

Date Submitted:

06-Mar-97

Sample Matrix:

Water

Sample Information:

Project BOYERTOWN LANDFILL

Date Sampled: 03/06/97

Sampled by: Robert A. Schwindt/BML

Lab ID No:

Sample ID:

9703-1672 9703-1673

. Carbon Tanks

... Raw Lagoon

Contents of Report

Cover Page
Analytical Results
Chain of Custody
Verification

## BLUE MARSH LABORATORY, INC.

85 Benjamin Franklin Highway Douglassville, PA 19518 Phone: (610) 327-8196

Fax: (610) 327-6864

## ANALYTICAL RESULTS

## BLUE MARSH LABORATORY, INC.

Project: BOYERTOWN LANDFILL

Parameter	Carbon Tanks 9703-1672	Raw Lagoon 9703-1673	Maximum Concentration (mg/l)	P.Q.L.	EPA Method Used	i Analysi's Initials	Analysis Date Time
PRIORITY POLLUTANT!	METALS: (mg/l)					i	. • •
Antimony	מא	סא	·	0.1	200.7	ALS	03/13/97-14:30
Arsenic	, סא	ND :	0.361	0.1	200.7	ALS	03.71.97-12:15
Beryllium	- אס	סמ	· - · .	0.03	·· 200.7	ALS	03/13/97-14:00
Cadmium	ND	ND	_	0.03	200.7	ALS	03/11/97-12:15
Chromium, Total	0.03	0.05	5.0	0.03	200.7	ALS	03/11/97-12:15
Copper	ND	מא -	3.55	0.03	200.7	ALS	03/12/97-11:30
Lead	. מא	מא	2.0	0.1	200.7	ALS	03/11/97-12:15
Mercury	ND	ND	_	0.0002	245.1	MGU	03/10/97-15:45
Nickel	0.05	0.09	2.0	0.03	200.7	ALS	03/12/97-11:30
Selenium	0.3	שא		0.1	200.7	ALS	03/11/97-12:15
Silver	מא	ND	_	0.03	200.7	ALS	03/11/97-12:15
Thellium -	מא	מא	-	0.1	200.7	ALS	03/13/97-15:00
Zinc	0.06	0.10	2.0	0.03	200.7	ALS	03/12/97-11:30
MISC. on TOTAL: (mg/l - 1	Unless Otherwise	Noted)	-				
Ammonia as N	<b>0.9</b> .	<del>-</del>	25.0	0.1	350.3	CDC	03/11/97-10:00
Asbestos	ND	אס	-	1.%	EPA/600/7-93/497	PAL	03/10/97-21:51
BOD (5-Day)	10.	<b>-</b>	150.0	1.0	SM 5210B	CDC	03/07/97-16:00
Color (Pt. Cobalt Units)	83.	_	150.	1	110.1	CDC	03/07/97-14:00
Cyanide	0.010	0.014	0_50	0.005	335.2	CDC	03/13/97-14:00
Oil & Grease	3.	<b>→</b> '	25.0	2.	413.1	CDC	03/14/97-15:30
Petroleum Hydrocarbons	מא	מא	. <b>-</b>	0.5	418.1	LSK	03/07/97-14:00
pH (Corrosivity)	7.82	<del>_</del>	69.	+/-0.01	150.1	CDC	03/07/97-16:00
Phenois	ND .	_	2.43	0.05	420.1	CDC	03/14/97-14:00
Phosphorus as P	0.2	_	25.0	0.05	H 8190	CDC	03/11/97-14:00
Total Dissolved Solids	2170.	. <b>–</b>	3500.0	10.	160.1	CDC	03/07/97-15:30

ND = The compound indicated was not detected at or above the practical quantitation limit (PQL) listed for the method performed.

NOTE: Priority Pollutant Volatiles, Priority Pollutant Semi-Volatiles, PCB, and Pesticides results also follow for each of the above samples.

# 1A VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

SAMPLE NO.

•			•	970	3-1672
Lab Name: BLUE MA	ARSH LAB	Contract:			-19/2
Project No.:	Site:	Location:		Group:	
Matrix: (soil/water)	WATER	. •	Lab Sample ID:	A1672	. •
Sample wt/vol:	5.0 (g/mL) ML		Lab File ID:	A0137.D	-
Level: (low/med)		_	Date Received:		-
% Moisture: not dec.	100		Date Analyzed:	3/10/97	-
GC Column: DB-624	ID: 0.18	_(mm)	Dilution Factor:	1.0	_
Soil Extract Volume:	(uL)	Soil	Aliquot Volume:		uL)
·		Concentration Un	nite:		
CAS No.	Compound	(ug/L or ug/Kg)	ug/L	Q	
71-43-2	Benzene		1	Ŭ	1
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane		. 1	U	1
75-25-2	Bromoform	<del></del>	1	U	
7 <del>4-83-9</del>	Bromomethane		1 .	Ū	1
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride		1	Ü	ł
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene		1	Ū	
75-00-3	Chloroethane		1	Ū	1
110-75-8	2-Chloroethylvinyl ether		1	Ū	
67-66-3	Chloroform		1	U	
74-87-3	Chloromethane		1	Ū	Ī
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane		1	Ŭ	
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene		1	U	
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	-	1	Ū	•
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene		1	Ū	
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane		1	Ū	
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane		1	บ	
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene		1	บ	
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		1	Ŭ	í I
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	<del></del>	1	Ū	í I
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		1	Ū	' <b>.</b> i
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		1	บ	4
100-41-4	Ethyl benzene		1	. <u>U</u>	; !
75-09-2	Methylene chloride		1	Ū	
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		1	บ	
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene		1	บ	

108-88-3

71-55-6

79-00-5

79-01-6

Toluene

1,1,1-Trichloroethene

1,1,2-Trichloroethane

Trichloroethene

Ū

U

U

1

1A VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET SAMPLE NO.

97	703.	16	77
21		, I G	14

Lab Nan	e: BLUE MA	RSH LAB	Contract:	į		
Project l	Yo.:	Site:	Location:	:	Group:	<del></del>
Matrix:	(soil/water)	WATER	·	ab Sample ID:	A1672	
Sample v	wt/vol:	5.0 (g/mL) ML	_	Lab File ID:	A0137.D	
Level:	(low/med)		I	ate Received:	<u> </u>	
% Moist	ture: not dec.	100	ľ	ete Analyzed:	3/10/97	
GC Colu	DB-624	ID: 0.18	(mm) D	riluion Factor:	1.0	
Soil Ext	ract Volume:	(uL)	Soil A	liquot Volume:		(uL)
	CAS No	Compound	Concentration Units (ug/L or ug/Kg)	ug/L	Q	
	75 <del>-69-4</del>	Trichlorofluoromethane		1	บ	
	75-01-4	Vinyl chloride		1	U	
•••	107-02-8	Acrolein	1	10	Ŭ	
	107-13-1	Acrylogitrile		0 :	ŢŢ	

## Q - DATA QUALIFIERS:

- U Indicates the compound was analyzed for but not detected.
  - The practical quantitation limit (PQL) is stated in the preceding column.
- J Indicates an estimated value.
- B Indicates the compound was detected in the method blank as well as in the sample.
- E Indicates the compound concentration exceeds the calibration range of the method.
- D Indicates the compound was analyzed at a secondary dilution factor.
- EPA Method 624 (CFR 49, No. 209, Oct. 1984) Purgable Compounds by GC/MS



VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

Lab Name: BLUE MA	RSH LAB	Contract:	9703-1673
Project No.:	Sile:	Location:	Group:
Matrix: (soil/water)	WATER	Lab Sample ID: A	1673
Sample wt/vol:	5.0 (g/mL) ML	Lab File ID: A(	0138.D
Level: (low/med)		Date Received:	···-
% Moisture: not dec.	100	Date Analyzed:	3/10/97
GC Column: DB-624	ID: 0.18	(mm) Dilution Factor:	1.0
Soil Extract Volume:	(uL)	Soil Aliquot Volume:	(uL)
	And the second s	Concentration Units:	

CAS No.	Compound	(mall as n= (Pa)	
		(ug/L or ug/Kg) ug	<u>/L</u> Q
71-43-2	Benzene	1	U
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	1	U
75-25-2	Bromoform ,	1	U
74-83-9	Bromomethane	1	U
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	1	U
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	1	Ū
75-00-3	Chloroethane	1	Ū
110-75-8	2-Chloroethylvinyl ether	1	Ü
67-66-3	Chloroform	1	Ū
74-87-3	Chloromethane	1	: 0
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	1	Ū
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	1	Ū
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	1	Ū
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	1	U
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	1	U
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	1	U
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	1	U
156-60-5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	1	U
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	1	Ū
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	1	U
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1	U
100-41-4	Ethyl benzene	1	U
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	1	U
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1	U
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	1	U
108-88-3	Toluene	1	Ü
71-55-6	1.1.1-Trichloroethane	1	ਹ ਹ
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethene	1	Ū
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	1	Ū

VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

9703-1	677
7/40-1	9/2

SAMPLE NO.

Leb Name: BLUE MA	ARSH LAB	Contract:	9/03-1673
Project No.:	Site:	Location:	Group:
Matrix: (soil/water)	WATER	Lab Sample ID:	A1673
Sample wt/vol:	5.0(g/mL)ML	Lab File ID	: A0138.D
Level: (low/med)		Date Received:	
% Moisture: not dec.	100	Date Analyzed:	3/10/97
GC Column: DB-624	ID: 0.18	(mm) Dilution Factor:	1.0
Soil Extract Volume:	(uL)	Soil Aliquot Volume:	(uL)
CAS No.	Compound	Concentration Units: (ug/L or ug/Kg) ug/L	Q
75-69-4	Trichlorofluoromethane	1	<u>ד</u>
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	1	Ū
107-02-8	Acrolein	10	Ü
_ 107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	10	<del>                                     </del>

### Q - DATA QUALIFIERS:

- U Indicates the compound was analyzed for but not detected. The practical quantitation limit (PQL) is stated in the preceding column.
- J Indicates an estimated value.
- B Indicates the compound was detected in the method blank as well as in the sample.
- E Indicates the compound concentration exceeds the calibration range of the method.
- D Indicates the compound was analyzed at a secondary dilution factor.
- EPA Method 624 (CFR 49, No. 209, Oct. 1984) Purgable Compounds by GC/MS



## 1B SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

Lab Name: BLUE MA	ARSH LAB	Contract:	9703-1672
Project No.:	Site:	Location:	Group:
Matrix: (soil/water)	WATER	Lab Sample ID:	A1672
Sample wt/vol:	500.0 (g/mL ML	Lab File ID	): C9553.D
Level: (low/med)		Date Received:	<del></del>
% Moisture: 100	decanted: (Y/N	i): Date Extracted:	
Concentrated Extract Vo	olume: 1000 (uL)	Date Analyzed:	3/10/97
Injection Volume:	2.0 (uL)	Dilution Factor	1.0
GPC Cleanup: (Y/N)		pH:	
	i n	Concentration Units:	
CAS No.	Compound	(ug/L or ug/Kg) ug/L	Q
83-32- <del>9</del>	Acenaphthene	5	U
208- <del>96</del> -8	Acenaphthylene	5	. U
120-12-7	Anthracene	5	U
92-87-5	Benzidene	25	U
56-55-3	Benzo(a)anthracene	5	U
205-99-2	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	5	U
207-08-9	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	5	U
191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	5	U
50-32-8	Benzo(a)pyrene	5	Ū
111-91-1	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	5	Ü
111-44-4	bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	5	U
108-60-1	bis(2-Chloroisopropyl )ether	5	U
117-81-7	bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthelate	5	U
101-55-3	4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	5	<del>  0</del>
85-68-7	Butyl benzyl phthalate	5	1 0
59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	5	<del>                                     </del>
91-58-7	2-Chloronsphthalene	5	U
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	5	U U
7005-72-3	4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	5	<del>                                     </del>
218-01-9	Chrysene	5	<del>  U</del>
53-70-3	Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene		
84-74-2	Di-n-butyl phthalate	5 ;	U.
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene		<del> </del>
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	5	U
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	5	U
91-94-1	<del></del>	5	U
<u> </u>	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	5	U
120-83-2 87-65-0	2,4-Dichlorophenol	5	Ü
84-66-2	2,6-Dichlorophenol	5	Ū
	Diethyl phthalate	5	U
105-67-9	2,4-Dimethylphenol	5	Ü
131-11-3	Dimethyl phthalate	5	U
534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	25	U
51-28-5	2,4-Dinitrophenol		ן ט

#### SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET[

9703-1672	
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m	; ;		9703-1672
Lab Name: BLUE MA	ARSH LAB	Contract:	
Project No.:	Site:	Location:	Group:
Matrix: (soil/water)	WATER	Lab Sample ID:	A1672
Sample wt/vol:	500.0 (g/mL ML	Lab File ID	: C9553.D
Level: (low/med)		Date Received:	
% Moisture: 100	decanted: (Y	/N): Date Extracted:	
Concentrated Extract Vo	olume: 1000 (uL)	Date Analyzed:	3/10/97
Injection Volume:	(uL)	Dilution Factor:	1.0
GPC Cleanup: (Y/N)	• •	pH:	
		Concentration Units:	i
CAS No.	Compound	(ug/L or ug/Kg) ug/L	Q
121-14-2	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	5	U
606-20-2	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	. 5	U
117-84-0	Di-n-octyl phthelate	5	Ū
122-66-7	1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	5	U
206-44-0	Fluoranthene	5	U .
86-73-7	Fluorene	5	Ŭ
118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene	5	Ū
87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene	5	U
77-47-4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	5	U
67-72-1	Hexachloroethane	5	U
193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	5	U
78-59-1	Isophorone	5	U
91-20-3	Naphthalene	5	Ū
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	.5	U
88-75-5	2-Nitrophenol	5	U
100-02-7	4-Nitrophenol	25	Ū
62-75-9	n-Nitrosodimethylamine	5	U ;
86-30-6	n-Nitrosodiphenylamine	5	U
621-64-7	n-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine	5	U,
87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	25	U
85-01-8	Phenanthrene	5	U
. 108-95-2	Phenol	5	U .
129-00-0	Pyrene	5	U
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	5	U
38-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	5.	Ū
1746-01-6	2.3.7.8-Tetrachlorodibenzo	-o-dioxin 5	U

### Q - DATA QUALIFIERS:

- U Indicates the compound was analyzed for but not detected. The practical quantitation limit (PQL) is stated in the preceding column.
- J Indicates an estimated value.
- B Indicates the compound was detected in the method blank as well as in the sample.
- E Indicates the compound concentration exceeds the calibration range of the method.
- D Indicates the compound was analyzed at a secondary dilution factor.

EPA Method 625

SAMPLE NO.

## 1B SEMIVOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		_		3/05-10
Lab Name: BLUE MA	ARSH LAB	Contract:		
Project No.:	Site:	Location:	<del></del>	Group:
Matrix: (soil/water)	WATER		Lab Sample ID:	A1673
Sample wt/vol:	500.0 (g/mL ML	,	Lab File ID:	C9556.D
Level: (low/med)			Date Received:	
% Moisture: 100	decanted: (Y/N):		Date Extracted:	······
Concentrated Extract Vo	dume: 1000 (uL)	•	Date Analyzed:	3/10/97
Injection Volume:	(uL)		Dilution Factor:	1.0
GPC Cleanup: (Y/N)	pH	<b>[:</b>		
• • •		Concentration Un	ite:	
CAS No :	Compound	(ug/L or ug/Kg)		Q
		(ug) E or ug) Eg)		
83-32-9	Acenaphthene	<u> </u>	5	U
208-96-8	Acenaphthylene		5	<u>"</u>
120-12-7	Anthracene		5	Ŭ
92-87-5	Benzidene	<u> </u>	25	Ŭ
56-55-3	Benzo(a)anthracene		5	U
205- <del>99-</del> 2	Benzo(b)fluoranthene		5	U
207-08-9	Benzo(k)fluoranthene		5	U
191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene		5	U
50-32-8	Benzo(a)pyrene		5	Ū
111-91-1	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane		5	U
111-44-4	bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether		5 .	U
108-60-1	bis(2-Chloroisopropyl )ether		5	U
117-81-7	bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate		5	U
101-55-3	4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether		5	Ū
85-68-7	Buryl benzyl phthalate		5	Ū
59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-methylphenol		5	บ
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphthalene		5	ט
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol		5	Ū
7005-72-3	4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether		5	Ū
218-01-9	Chrysene		5	Ū
53-70-3	Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene		5	ט
84-74-2	Di-n-butyl phthalate		5 .	Ū
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene		5 .	Ū
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene		5	Ū
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	<del></del>	5	Ū
91-94-1	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine		5	Ū
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	<del>- </del>	5	Ü
87-65-0	2.6-Dichlorophenol	+	5	Ū
84-66-2	Diethyl phthalate	+	5	Ū
105-67-9	2.4-Dimethylphenol	+	5	Ü
131-11-3		<del>                                     </del>	5	Ü
534-52-1	Dimethyl phthalate	+	25	บ
51-29.5	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol		25	7,7

#### 1A PCB ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

Lab Name:	Blue Marsh Lab	_	Contract:	÷
Project No.:		_	Site:	
Group:		_	Location:	
		_	Sample ID	
Matrix: (soil/water)	water		Lab Sample ID:	9703-1673
Sample wt/vol:	75 (g/ml)	_ ml _	_Lab File ID:	b188
% Moist: 100.0	Dilution Factor.	1	Date Recieved:	1
GC Colum db608			Date Analyzed:	3/12/97

	·					
CAS NO.	COMPOUND	CONCENTRATION UN (ug/L or ug/Kg)	IITS: ug/L	•	:	Q
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10.	-			
12674-11-2	Arochlor 1016	10		,	:	U
11104-28-2	Arochlor 1221	40			;	U
11141-16-5	Arochlor 1232	. 10		į		U
53469-21-9	Arochlor 1242	10		1		U
12672-29-8	Arochlor 1248	10			:	U
11097-69-1	Arochlor 1254	20				U
11096-82-5	Arochlor 1260	20		÷	-	U

- U Indicates the compound was analyzed for, but not detected at, or above, the concentration stated
- B Indicates the compound was detected in the method blank as well as in the sample
- E Identifies the compounds whose concentrations exceed the calibration range of the instrument

Analyst JF

FORM I PCB

205

### 1A PESTICIDE ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

Lab Name:		Blue Marsh Lab	_	Contract:	· ·	<del></del>
Project No.	:			Site:		<del></del>
Group:				Location:		
		4		Sample ID:		9703-1672
	x: (soil/water) Water Lab Sample ID:		•	b187		
Sample wt/		75 (g/ml)	<u>ml</u>	_Lab File ID:		D101
% Moist:	100.0	Dilution Factor.	1	Date Recie		2/4/4/07
GC Column	n: DB608 :	30M x 0.53mm x 1um	· .	Date Analy	zea:	3/11/97
		•	CONCE	NTRATION UI	VITS:	į
CAS NO.	<u>.</u>	COMPOUND		ug/Kg)		<u> </u>
		Lindane !	•		0.3	υ
58-89-9					0.3	į Ü
76-44-8		Heptachlor	<del></del>		0.3	Ü
1024-57-3		Heptachlor Epoxide		<del></del>	0.3	- U
72-20-8		Endrin			3.0	Ü
72-43-5	ļ <u></u>	Methoxychlor			3.0	U
57-74-9		Chlordane	<del></del>		3.0	U
8001-35-2		Toxaphene	<del></del>			Ü
309-00-2		Aldrin			0.3	U
319-84-6		a-BHC			0.3	; U
319-85-7		ь-внс			0.3	U
319-86-8	<u> </u>	d-BHC	<del></del>	<u>·</u>	0.3	<u> </u>
72-54-8		DDD			0.7	<u> </u>
72-55-9		DDE			0.7	U.
60-57-1	<u> </u>	DDT			0.7	· U
959-98-8		Dieldrin			0.7	Ü
33212-65-9	9	Endosulfan I			0.7	U
1031-07-8		Endosulfan II			0.7	U
7421-93-4		Endrin Aldehyde			0.7	U
1024 07 9	1	Endoculfan Sulfate			0.7	U

- U Indicates the compound was analyzed for, but not detected at, or above, the concentration stated
- B Indicates the compound was detected in the method blank as well as in the sample
- E Identifies the compounds whose concentrations exceed the calibration range of the instrument

FORM PEST

TOP

#### 1A PESTICIDE ANALYSIS DATA SHEET

Lab Name: Project No.		Contract: Site:		
Group:		Location:		
-, •	<del></del>	Sample ID:		
Matrix: (soi	L/water) Water	Lab Sample		9703-1673
Sample w/		) <u>ml</u> Lab File ID:		b188
% Moist:	100.0 Dilution Factor:	1 Date Recie	ved:	<u> </u>
GC Columi	1: DB608 30M x 0.53mm x 1	um Date Analy	zed:	3/11/97
•	į		•	
	;	CONCENTRATION U	_	_
CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/Kg) —	ug/l	Q
		:		11
58-89-9	Lindane		0.3	U
76-44-8	Heptachior		0.3	
1024-57-3	Heptachlor Epox	ide	0.3	U
72-20-8	Endrin		0.3	U
72-43-5	Methoxychlor	<u> </u>	3.0	U
57-74-9	Chlordane		3.0	U
8001-35-2	10000		3.0	U
309-00-2	Aldrin	,	0.3	U
319-84-6	a-BHC	4	0.3	U
319-85-7	b-BHC		0.3	U
319-86-8	d-BHC		0.3	U
72-54-8	DDD		0.7	U
72-55-9	DDE		0.7	U
60-57-1	DDT	!	0.7	U
959-98-8	Dieldrin		0.7	U
33212-65-9	Endosulfan I		0.7	U
1031-07-8	Endosulfan II		0.7	U
7421-93-4	Endrin Aldehyde		0.7	U

U - Indicates the compound was analyzed for, but not detected at, or above, the concentration stated

Endosulfan Sulfate

1031-07-8

- B Indicates the compound was detected in the method blank as well as in the sample
- E Identifies the compounds whose concentrations exceed the calibration range of the instrument

FORM I PEST

25



85 Benjamin Franklin Highway
Douglassville, PA 19518
Phone (610) 327-8196
FAX (610) 327-6864

Cartifications: NJ DEPE Cert #77925 PA DEP Cert #06-409

Client Information:

BML Lot No:

0885

Boyertown Sanitary Disposal Co., Inc. RD 1, Box 360

Number of Samples:

2

Glenmoore, PA 19343

Date Submitted:

20-Mar-98

Attn: Warren Frame

Sample Matrix:

Water

Sample Information:
Date Sampled: 3-20-98
Sampled by: Chris Curry (BML)

 Lab ID No:
 Sample ID:

 9803-3082
 Raw Leachate

 9803-3083
 Basin B (Treated Effluent)

Contents of Repost;

Cover Page Analytical Results Chain of Custody Verification

Parameter	Raw Leachate 9803-3082	Basin B 9803-3083	P.Q.L.	; ;	EPA Method Used
PRIORITY POLLUTANT METAL	S: (mg/l)				
Antimony	א <b>ס</b>	ND	0.02	:	200.7
Arsenic	ND	ND	0.02		200.7
Beryllium	ND	ND	0.005		200.7
Cadmium	ND	, ND	0.005	- 1	200.7.
Chromium, Total	0.010	0.010	0.005		200.7
Copper	ND	ND	0.005	•	200.7
Lead	ND .	ND:	0.02		200,7
Mercury	ND	0.0011	0.0002	<u> </u>	245.1
Nickel	0.025	0.025	0.005	ara dinamana	200.7
Selenium	ND	ND	0.02	i i	200.7
Silver	ND	ND	0.005	:	200.7
Thallium	ND	ND -	0.02	Ĭ,	200.7
Zinc	0.025	0.025	0.005	1	200.7
MISC. Analysis: (mg/l)				<u> </u>	
Cyanide, total	0,009	0,024	0.007	÷	335.2
Phenois, total	0.023	0.016	0.005	ë: ë	420.1

ND = The compound indicated was not detected at or above the practical quantitation limit (PQL) listed for the method performed.

Parameter	9803-3082	9803-3083	BO1
1 Mantal	7603-3082	9803-3083	P.Q.L.
METHOD 624 - Purgeables: (ug/I)	1		<b>!</b>
in gravita, (ugi)	1	•	
Chloromethane	ND	ND	50./1.
Bromomethane	ND	ND	50J1.
Vinyl chloride	אס	<u>ND</u>	50./1.
	, (		
Chloroethane	ND	אס (עול איני איני איני איני איני איני איני אינ	١٢,٥٥
Methylene chloride	אס	ND	50./1.
Trichloroflucromethane	νD	סא	50./1.
1,1-Dichloroethene	אס	ND	60 11
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND :	ND	50./1.
trans-1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	50./1.
· ·	ND .	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	50.71.
Chloroform	ND	אם מא	50./1.
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	50.71.
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	מא	ND	50./1.
	· -! - †.	•	:
Carbon tetrachloride	ND	ND	50 <i>)</i> 1.
Bromodichloromethane	ND .	ND	50./1.
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	50./1.
•			
cis-1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	<b>50./1.</b>
Trichloroethylene	ND	ND	50./1.
Benzene	ND	ND	<b>50.</b> /1.
Dibromochloromethane	:		•
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	50/1.
	ND	ND	<b>50./1.</b>
trans-1,3-Dichloropropane	אס	ND	50./1.
2-Chloroethylvinyl ether	ND	ND	50./1.
Bromoform	ND (	ND	•
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND .	ND	50./1. 50./1.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		11 <i>1</i>	30.71.
Tetrachloroethene	ND	ND .	50./1,
Toluene	ND .	ND	50./1.
Chlorobenzene	ND	מא	50./1.

ND = The compound indicated was not detected at or above the practical quantitation limit (PQL) listed for the method performed.

### вгие манан саводатону, имс.

1, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10,	
100   100	
10. CH CH Chordenesses AD CH CH Character (14.5) Ch Ch Chordenesses Activation of the Character (14.5) Ch Ch Character (14.5) Ch Ch Ch Ch Ch Ch Ch Ch Ch Ch Ch Ch Ch	
(4-Diriplorobenzene NT) NT) NT) 20.71  (4-Diriplorobenzene NT) NT) NT) NT) NT) NT) NT) NT) NT) NT)	
10	
10	
10	
10	:
10	•
2.0         MD         MD         3.0           1.20         MD         MD         MD         3.0           1.20         MD         MD         MD         3.0           1.20         MD         MD         MD         3.0           2.0         MD         MD         MD         3.0           2.0         MD         MD         MD         3.0           2.0         MD         MD         3.0         3.0           2.0         MD         MD         MD         3.0           2.0         MD         MD         3.0         3.0           2.0         MD         MD         3.0         3.0           2.0         MD         MD         3.0         3.0           2.0         MD         MD         MD         3.0	• !
10.0 ND ND ND 2.0  10.0 ND ND ND 2.0  10.0 ND ND ND 2.0  10.0 ND ND ND 2.0  10.0 ND ND ND 2.0  10.0 ND ND ND 2.0  10.0 ND ND ND 2.0  10.0 ND ND ND 2.0  10.0 ND ND ND 2.0  10.0 ND ND ND 2.0  10.0 ND ND ND 2.0  10.0 ND ND ND 2.0  10.0 ND ND ND 2.0  10.0 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	
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100   100	<u>;</u> :
10	
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### AD ND 2.0  ### AD	•
## AD ND 2.0  #\$(2-chlorochoxy)methane	
s(2-chloroctboxy)methane         MD         MD         MD         2.0           completions/openiadiene         MD         MD         MD         2.0           complitivelene         MD         MD         2.0           complitivelene         MD         MD         2.0           complitivelene         MD         MD         2.0           complitivelene         MD         MD         2.0           consistence         MD         2.0         2.0           consistence         MD         2.0         2.0           consistence         MD         2.0         2.0	i
AD         AD         AD           AD         AD         AD	
constitute of the constitution of the const	
AD         AD<	.]
2.0 AD AD 2.0 2.0 binitation has a MD AD 2.0 2.0 AD AD 2.0 2.0 AD 2.0 2.0 AD AD 2.0 AD	1,
medical phine lane         ND         ND         ND         2.0           5-Dimitrotoliuene         ND         ND         2.0           100	;
Dinitrotolucine ND ND 2.0 CM ON ON 2.0	
notene ND ND 70	, i
	· >
	į`
Chlarophanyl phanyl char ND ND 2.0	•
	•
ethyl phthalate MD AD 2.0 -Nitrosodiphenylamine MD AD 2.0	•
MILDOSOGIA DESCRIPTION         MD         ND         NO           Approximation         ND         ND         NO	
Bronophenyl phenyl ether ND ND 2.0	

ND = The compound indicated was not detected at or above the practical quantitation limit (PQL) listed for the method performed.

6103276864

### BLUE MARSH LABORATORY, INC.

Process des	Raw Leachate	Basin B			,
Parameter	9803-3082	9803-3083		P.Q.L.	
MRTHOD 625 (cont'd): (wg/l)	·i		•	1	,
Phenanthrene	ŇD	ND		2.0	•
Anthracene	ND	אס		2.0	•
Dibutyl phthalate	אַס	ND		2.0	
				, 2.0	
Fluoranthene	ND	ND		2.0	
Benzidene	ND	ND		2.0	
Butyl benzyl phthalate	ND	ND '	•	2.0	
Bis(2-ethylhexy)phthalate	ND	ND	and a first of the first	. 2.0	1
•	•			!	
Chrysene	ND	ND		2.0	-
Benzo(a)anthracene	ND	ND		2.0	
Dichlorobenzidine	ND	ND	٠	2.0	
	· _*		•		
Di-n-octyl phthalate	ND	ND	•	2.0	
Benzo(b)fivoranthene	ND	ND		2.0	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ND	מא		2.0	
Benzo(a)pyrene	ND	ND		2.0	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ND	ND		2.0	
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	ND	ND		2.0	
	•		•	; ;	•
Benzo(ghi)perylene	ND	ND		2.0	
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	ND	ND.	_	2.0	
2-Chlorophenoi	ND	ND		2,0	
9 374				· •	
2-Nitrophenol Phenol	תאָ	ND		2.0	
2,4-Dimethylphenol	ND	ND		2.0	
2,4-Dimenyiphenor	ND	ND		2.0	
2,4-Dichlorophenol	ND	ND		2.0	·
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	סא	ND		2.0	•
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	ND	מא		2.0	
			•	<u> </u>	
2,4-Dinitrophenol	ND	ND		2.0	,
2-methyl-4,6-dimitrophenol	ND	ND		<b>2.0</b> .	
Pentachiorophenol	ND	ND	•	2.0	
4-Nitrophenol	מא	ND		2.0	

ND = The compound indicated was not detected at or above the practical quantitation limit (PQL) listed for the method performed.

Parameter	Raw Leechate 9803-3082	Basin B 9803-3083	P.Q.L.
METHOD 608 - Organochlorin	e Pesticides and PCBs	(mg/l)	
Alpha-BHC	ND	שמ	0.0005
Gamma-BHC (Lindane)	ND '	ND	0.0005
Beta-BHC	ND	מא	0.005
Heptachlor	ND	מאי	0.0005
Delta-BHC	ND	מא ,	0.0005
Aldrin	ND	סא	0.0005
Heptachlor epoxide	ND	. אלם	0.000\$
Endosulfan I	ND	ND .	0.0005
4,4'-DDE	מא	ND	0.0009
Dieldrin	מא	ND	0.0009
Endrin	שא	מא	0.0009
4,4'-DDD	ND	ND	0.0009
Endosulfan II	ND	ND	0.0009
4,4'-DDT	ND	מא	0.0009
Endrin aldehyde	ND	מא	0.0009
Endosulfan sulfate	ND	. מא	0.0009
Chlordane	ND	שא	0.01
Toxaphene	ND	ND	20,0
PCB	ND	ND	0.05

ND = The compound indicated was not detected at or above the practical quantitation limit (PQL) listed for the method performed.

This report has been reviewed and approved by the person(s) signed below.

The report is accurate to the best of our knowledge.

Sincerely,

Laurel A. Schwindt

Laboratory Manager

Appendix C (Correspondence)



#### Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection

# OFFICE OF CHIEF COUNSEL LEE PARK - 555 NORTH LANE - SUITE 6015 CONSHOHOCKEN, PA 19428-2233 July 14, 1998

Southeast Regional Counsel

Telephone: (610) 832-6300 Fax: (610) 832-6321

Daniel F. Schuckers
Prothonotary
Commonwealth Court of Pennsylvania
Room 626 South Office Building
Harrisburg, PA 17108

Re: Commonwealth Department of Environmental Protection v. Boyertown Sanitary Disposal Co., Inc. and Warren Frame No. 49 M.D. 1998

Dear Mr. Schuckers:

Enclosed for filing with the Court please find the Department's Status Report in the above captioned matter.

Yours truly,

Kenneth A. Gelburd Assistant Regional Counsel

Enclosure

cc w/ enclosure: Hon. Eunice Ross (fax and first class mail)
Loren Szczesny, Esquire

bcc: Nancy Rometti

page document with attachments (the Court will recall that Paragraph A.2. of its Order required that the Assessment provide for *completion* of repairs by June 30, 1998). Landfillers' consultants, AGES corporation, represented that this document was meant to be the Assessment so long awaited by the Department.

The Department has done a very preliminary review of the Assessment, which latter document is at best superficial. Simply by way of example, without limitation, some of the Assessment's deficiencies are:

Failure to state criteria for, and to demonstrate adequacy of, leachate lagoon pumps.

Omission of criteria and methodology for evaluating flow and capacity in clarifier and fixed film reactor.

Absence of a detailed proposal for evaluating and repairing leachate impoundments.

Noninclusion of a full parameter sampling of groundwater, which sampling was supposed to have been carried out by May 1, 1998 under Paragraph C of the Court's Order.

## IN THE COMMONWEALTH COURT OF PENNSYLVANIA

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION,

Petitioner

No. 49 M.D. 1998

BOYERTOWN SANITARY DISPOSAL CO., INC., and WARREN K. FRAME
Respondents

#### CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that I am this day serving the foregoing document upon the persons and in the manner indicated below, which services satisfies the requirements of Pa. R.A.P. 121:

Service by first class mail as follows:

(Counsel for Frame and Boyertown Sanitary Disposal)

Loren D. Szczesny, Esquire Reynier, Crocker, Allenbach & Reber, P.C. 424 King Street, P.O. Box 777 Pottstown, PA 19464

Telephone: 610-326-7500

Kenneth A. Gelburd

Assistant Counsel

Attorney ID No. 32887

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

Department of Environmental Protection Office of Chief Counsel - Southeast Region

Lee Park - 555 North Lane - Suite 6015

Conshohocken, PA 19428-2233

Telephone: 610-832-6300

DATE: July 14, 1998

#### IN THE COMMONWEALTH COURT OF PENNSYLVANIA

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION,

Petitioner

V.

BOYERTOWN SANITARY DISPOSAL CO., INC. and WARREN K. FRAME,

Respondent

:No. 49 M.D. 1998

#### **ORDER**

AND NOW, this eleventh day of March, 1998, upon consideration of the petition to enforce administrative order of petitioner Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection ("Department"), and responses thereto by respondents Boyertown Sanitary Disposal Co., Inc. ("BSD") and Warren Frame ("Frame"), the Court finds that DSD and Frame have violated and continue to violate the requirements of the Department's March 25, 1997 administrative order, it is hereby ordered that BSD and Frame shall:



- A. Within twenty (20) days of the Court's order retain, and ensure reasonable compensation for, a qualified environmental consultant to assess the leachate management, gas management, and capping systems of Boyertown Landfill. The assessment should be submitted to the Court and the Department not later than forty (40) days from the date of the Court's order. The assessment should include, but not be limited to:
  - 1. Evaluation of the condition and usability of:
    - a) the leachate management system, with particular attention to the raw and treated leachate storage surface impoundments ("the lagoons") on site.
    - b) The on-site leachate treatment facilities;
    - c) The site groundwater monitoring system; and
    - d) The site gas management system.
  - 2. Recommendations and schedules for rectifying non-compliant and/or environmentally harmful aspects of the site facilities listed in the preceding

- subparagraph, in accordance with the Department-approved closure plan for the site. The schedule(s) should call for completion of such repairs/improvements and achievement of compliance not later than June 30, 1998.
- 3. An accounting of the disposition of the oilcontaminated soil specified in Paragraph 18 of this petition; and
- 4. A detailed description of the cut in the site cover where BSD and Frame had been recirculating leachate, as well as the additional area of impaired site cover approximately one hundred yards east of the leachate recirculation cut, said description to include but not necessarily be limited to: area extent, depth and dimensions of cover breach; description and current location of any material (earth, clay, solid waste, etc.) removed from cover breach; current condition and dimensions of cover breach).

- B. Diligently cause to be completed the activities specified in paragraph A hereof, within the time set forth, as approved or approved with modifications by the Department.
- C. Not later than May 1, 1998, resume and continue quarterly groundwater monitoring for all parameters including in the Department's form 19, "Municipal Waste Landfill Quarterly and Annual Water Quality Analyses", the first quarterly sampling event being the "annual event" detailed in 25 Pa. Code §§ 265.90 265.94.
- D. Immediately cause raw and treated leachate to be sampled for consistency with the requirements of, and arrange contractually for ongoing full disposal of site leachate at, BMMA's wastewater treatment plant.

CERTIFIED FROM THE RECORD AND ORDER EXIT

MAR 1 2 1998

Eunice Ross, Senior Judge

Deputy Prothonotary - Chief Clerk



### Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection

Lee Park, Suite 6010 555 North Lane Conshohocken, PA 19428 April 20, 1998

Southeast Regional Office

610-832-6059 Fax 610-832-6260

Mr. Robert Braglio Superior Water Company 1030 West Germantown Pike Box 223 Fairview Village, PA 19409

> Re: Grosser Road Estates Development Douglas Township

> > Sanitary Survey for Proposed Well

Dear Mr. Braglio:

This is to confirm the findings of a sanitary survey conducted on March 10, 1998, at the site of a proposed well for Superior Water Company in Douglas Township, Montgomery County.

The proposed well site is located at the approximate coordinates of 40°18'18" North Latitude and 75°37'10" West Longitude on the 7.5 minute U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) Sassamansville, PA, quadrangle. The site is situated within the Lower Delaware River Basin (Sub-Basin E).

The sanitary survey took into account both natural and man-made factors which might affect the quality and quantity of the groundwater.

As we discussed, the proximity of the Boyertown Sanitary Disposal Company facility, a closed landfill, raises concerns about its impact on a public water supply source. According to Mr. Tom Cunningham of the Bureau of Land Recycling and Waste Management, this landfill contains a quantity of hazardous waste in addition to municipal waste. Also, the operator of the landfill has previously violated the regulations of the Department.

In considering the proposed site of a public water supply well, we must abide by the regulations implemented by other bureaus. Municipal waste landfills are required to be 1320 feet from a public water supply source (Municipal Waste Regulations Chapter 273.202(a)(13)).

To be considered for approval, proposed well sites along Grosser Road must comply with the following provisions:

- The distance from the well to the boundary of the Boyertown facility must exceed 1320 feet;
- A water-quality monitoring well must be installed in a location such that any adverse impact on the groundwater flowing towards the supply well could be anticipated;

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## COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BUREAU OF LAND RECYCLING AND WASTE MANAGEMENT

### INSPECTION REPORT/DATA ENTRY

Site 1.0 # [] [] [] [] [] [] [S] [S] [O]  Site Name Boxertoun Landfill and fill and	County Muntamery  Title Cuner  Title  Time  Inspection Facility Inspector
Date Inspection Date [이다]기(이번	Type Type' Number # Vio'a: on
Comment HUINDU-10011	sa rpt
Sample # Low Sample # H	igh [ ] [ ] [ ]
Monitoring Points Sampled	
INSPECTION TYPE	FACILITY TYPE
81 Routine 10 Survey 02 Spill response 11 Part 8 03 Remedial Action 12 Complaint 04 Follow Up 13 Withdrawn 05 Crit Stage 14 Closure 06 Sample Only 15 Post Closure 07 Permitting 16 Form 4 08 Superfund 17 Form 4 w/sample 09 Ground Water 50 Record Rev 99 Other	Municipal Residual Hazardous    O1   Municipal Waste Landfill   O6   Landfill   O1   Disposal     O2   Construction/Demolition   O7   Demolition   O2   Treatment     Landfill   O8   Processing   O3   Storage     O3   Processing   O9   Incinerator   O4   Transporter     O4   Incinerator   10   Surface Application   O5   Permit by Rule     O5   Surface Application   11   Surface Impoundment   O6   Generator     O6   Surface Application   O7   SQG     O7   O7   O7     O7   O7   O7     O7   O7

## COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BUREAU OF LAND RECYCLING AND WASTE MANAGEMENT



	ection 21 July 1998	Identification N	umber 100550	
Company/Fa	acility/Site Name Boyertown	n Landfill	<u> </u>	
John Mital.		waste landfill inspection was condu l Dinesh Rajkotia, Engineer	icted on Tuesday, July 21, 1998,	by
	The following observation	ons were made:		
	approximately five for	goon had about four feet of freeboar feet of freeboard and treatment lago as not been repaired. Weeds were or r.	on A was almost empty. The tea	
	2) The leachate seep loo	cated along the leachate treatment p	plant fence was not flowing.	
		ne pits dug at the top of the landfill is now covering the soil and waste.	is still piled behind the recycling	
	4) Several monitoring v	wells have had the vegetation cut fr	om around them for access.	
	5) The flare shed is still	Il not in operating condition.		(*,
	6) Sections of the landf	fill have been mowed since the last	inspection.	
other visibl	All violations from the pe improvements have been i	previous inspections still exist at the	e landfill. Other than grass cuttir	ng. no
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This	any violations observed during the in	ndings of an inspection conducted by a repres inspection. Additional notification of violations view of laboratory analyses or Department record r other appealable; action of the Department. No	may be issued concerning either violation ds. othing contained herein shall be deemed to	grant or
notification of a herein, or other This imply immunity Signa	from legal action for any violation not	s not necessarily imply concurrence with the find	dings on this report, but does acknowledge	
notification of a herein, or other This imply immunity Signa person was sho	from legal action for any violation not ature by the person interviewed does	s not necessarily imply concurrence with the find	Date 27 1499	

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## COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BUREAU OF LAND RECYCLING AND WASTE MANAGEMENT

### INSPECTION REPORT/DATA ENTRY

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Site 1 0 #	1 1 1 11 10 10 15 15 10		Telephone #			<del></del>
_ \	tour Landfill	<del></del>	Operator Nar	ne		
Address 300	Merkel Road	<u></u>	Address			· <del></del>
Gilberton	1118 PA 19525			<del></del>		
	4/ass Tup		County N	lentgome	4	
	Whyren Frame		Title OJ	2		
Person Interviewed			Title		<del></del>	
Inspector Joh	~ Mital.	<del></del>	Time <u>1300</u>	1-1400		<del></del>
Oate	Inspection Date	Inspection Type	Type	Num	ber #	F Vio'at on
1017 0 <del>18</del> 018	[अर्मा०माण	64	61	5171	<u> </u>	SER TEPUT
	1011194 10191 11	ما حام احاد	Hilalal		111	84 160 C
Comment H	1011/102 1061 10	VISKICIC	1111014		<del></del>	
Sample # Low	Sample #1	High 📗				
Monitoring Points	Sampled			•		
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INSPECT	TION TYPE		FAC	CILITY TYPE		
		Municipal		Residual	На	zardous
61 Routine	10 Survey		Waste Landfill tonOemolition	06 Landfill 07 Demoktion		Disposal Treatment
02 Spill response 03 Remedial Action	11 Part B 12 Complaint	Uz Construc Landfall	DOI SO SINCE LON	08 Processing	03	Storage
04 Follow Up	13 Withdrawn	03 Procession	•	09 Incinerator	04	Transporter
OS Crit Stage	14 Closure 15 Post Closure	04 Incineral	or Application	10 Surface App		Fermit by Rule Generator
06 Sample Only 07 Permitting	16 Form 4	<i>(</i> )		12 Surface Inje		sQG
08 Superfund	17 Form 4 w/sample			13 Generator	06	REA
09 Ground Water	50 Record Rev			14 SQG	0 <del>1</del> 50	Other Superfund
	99 Other				~	Saber (at of
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## COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BUREAU OF LAND RECYCLING AND WASTE MANAGEMENT

Date of inspection 7.	July 1998	Identification	Number 100550	
	Name Boyertown Land	fill		
A mur	nicipal/hazardous waste	'à	ducted on Tuesday, July 7, 1 ist.	998. by
The fo	ollowing observations we	ere made:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
ар		freeboard and treatment lag	ard. Treatment lagoon B hadoon A was almost empty. P	
2) Th	ne leachate seep located a	along the leachate treatmen	t plant fence was not flowing	<u>ļ</u> .
		dug at the top of the landfil covering the soil and waste	l is still piled behind the rec	ycling
4) Se	everal monitoring wells h	nave had the vegetation cut	from around them for access	i <b>.</b>
5) Th	ne flare shed is still not i	n operating condition.	• !	(÷
6) Se	ections of the landfill hav	ve been mowed since the las	st inspection.	
	olations from the previous canents have been made a	-3	he landfill. Other than grass	cutting. no
	. ·			
notification of any violations herein, or other violations ide This report does n imply immunity from legal ac Signature by the p	s observed during the inspection entified as a result of review of lai not constitute an order or other a ction for any violation noted herei	<ul> <li>Additional notification of violation boratory analyses or Department reco ppealable action of the Department.</li> <li>essarily imply concurrence with the figure of the partment.</li> </ul>	esentative of the Department. This is may be issued concerning either ords.  Nothing contained herein shall be deelindings on this report, but does acknow	med to grant or
	-	•	Date 8 July 9	8 , ,
Person interviewed (s	signature)		Date	

COMMONWEALTH OF PRINSTLYANIA
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
DATE OF LAND RECYCLING AND WASTE WANACEVEY

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### INSPECTION REPORT/DATA ENTRY

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<del></del>	0091-	1330	1sts	Inspector John
<del></del>		*!!!		Person Interviewed
• •	اهر	nci O sur	colle- Frame	Mesponsible Official
<del></del>	KIMORZ	COUNTY MA	anl s	Municipality Day LE
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## COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BUREAU OF LAND RECYCLING AND WASTE MANAGEMENT

	I doubtill oallon bloombon	400550	:
Date of inspection 27 May 1998	Identification Number	100550	<del>:</del>
ompany/Facility/Site Name Boyertown Landfill			·
A municipal/hazardous waste land ohn Mital, Solid Waste Specialist.	fill inspection was conducted or	n Monda	ay April, 27, 1998, by
The following observations were n	nade:		
<ol> <li>The raw leachate lagoon had al approximately four feet of free freeboard.</li> </ol>	bout four feet of freeboard. Tre board and treatment lagoon A h	atment lad appr	agoon B had oximately three feet of
2) The leachate seep located along was not flowing directly into N pooling on top of the soil. The present. Pictures were taken of	Minister Creek as in the previous re was an oily sheen on the sur	s inspec	tion. The leachate was
3) The material from the pits dug center.	at the top of the landfill is still	piled be	hind the recycling
4) Several monitoring wells have	had the vegetation cut from are	und the	m for access.
5) The flare shed is still not in op	erating condition. Pictures were	e taken (	of the flare shed.
<ol> <li>The roll-offs stored on the land them. No wastes were found.</li> </ol>	ifill were inspected to ensure the	at no wa	ste was being stored in
All violations from the previous in other visible improvements have been made at the		ill. Oth	er than grass cutting, no
			i ! !
This inspection report is notice of the findings of an innotification of any violations observed during the inspection. As herein, or other violations identified as a result of review of laborate This report does not constitute an order or other appeals imply immunity from legal action for any violation noted herein.  Signature by the person interviewed does not necessar person was shown the report or that a copy was left with the person	dditional notification of violations may be ory analyses or Department records. able action of the Department. Nothing co ity imply concurrence with the findings on	issued contained he this report	rein shall be deemed to grant or
Person interviewed (signature)		Date	70 mm an
Inspector (signature)		Date	28 mar 98
•			Page 2 of 2

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## COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSTLAND COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSTLANDS

#### INSPECTION REPORT/DATA ENTRY

	INSPECTIO	JN KEPUKI/U	A I A EN II	К 7	
Site I D #	111110101515101	Teles	phone #	: :	•
	our Sentary Diseas!	•	ator Name _		
	jertel Road				
	11 PA 19525				
_	aless Tonship	Coun	er Mont	out!	•
Responsible Officia	Warr France	Title	Duner		
Person Interviewed		Title		;	
Inspector	n Mital	Time	7300		
Date	Inspection Date	Inspection Type	Facility Type	Inspector Number	<b>∜</b> Vio'at on
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CHETTIC		CIT.	رين		sa ap int
Comment 🙋	WARITERINI II	Nslele Luttile	MIII		
	Sample#H	ligh	ا		
Monitoring Points	Sampled			: •	
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INSPECT	ION TYPE		FACILITY	Y TYPE;	
93 Spill response 93 Remedul Action 94 Follow Up 95 Crit Stage	14 Closure 15 Post Closure 16 Form 4		97 0 98 A 99 in 10 Si 11 Si 12 Si 13 Gi	endfill emolition focessing cinerator priace Application priace Impoundment priace Injection Well interator KG	

## COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BUREAU OF LAND RECYCLING AND WASTE MANAGEMENT

Date of inspection	n_27 April 1998 Identification Number 1005	50
Company/Facility	//Site Name Boyertown Landfill	
	municipal/hazardous waste landfill inspection was conducted on Moi Waste Specialist.	nday April, 27, 1998, by
	he following observations were made:  The raw leachate lagoon had about four feet of freeboard. Treatment approximately seven feet of freeboard and treatment lagoon A was liner.	
2)	The leachate seep located along the leachate treatment plant fence v Minister Creek.	as still flowing into
3)	The material from the pits dug at the top of the landfill is still piled center.	behind the recycling
4)	A walking inspection of the landfill was conducted. Several areas of observed during the walking inspection. These leachate seeps flower into the sedimentation basin. This basin empties into Minister Cree	ed down the landfill and
. 5)	One area was observed where landfill gas was bubbling up through gas odor was detected around this area.	the leachate. A landfill
. 6)	The flare shed is still not in operating condition.	
7)	The areas where the pits were filled at the top of the landfill were se	eded.
8)	The roll-offs stored on the landfill were inspected to ensure that no them. No wastes were found.	waste was being stored in
•	ll violations from the previous inspections still exist at the landfill. Of rovements have been made at the site.	her than grass cutting, no
notification of any violation herein, or other violation This report do imply immunity from leg Signature by	ion report is notice of the findings of an inspection conducted by a representative of the E ations observed during the inspection. Additional notification of violations may be issued in identified as a result of review of laboratory analyses or Department records. oes not constitute an order or other appealable action of the Department. Nothing contained igal action for any violation noted herein. the person interviewed does not necessarily imply concurrence with the findings on this reporter or that a copy was left with the person.	concerning either violations noted
Person interviewe	ed (signature)Date	, (,,
Inspector (signatu	Date	29 Apr. (18
	•	n 7 . 7

## COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BUREAU OF LAND RECYCLING AND WASTE MANAGEMENT

Date of inspection 07 April 1998	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	identification Number 1005	50
Company/Facility/Site Name Boyerto	wn Landfill	·	
On Tuesday, April 7, leachate lagoons. All lagoons had ad		made a routine inspection of	Boyertown Landfill's
The leachate seep alor	ng the leachate lagoo	n fencing was flowing at the	time of this inspection.
I met a Mr. Jeff Eysolohired him to run the treatment plant ver Montgomery Municipal Authority. He Boyertown Landfill is discharging 5 of treated leachate have been discharging 12 gallons per minute and that Boyer	when Boyertown Lander then went on to sa gallons per minute arged. Mr. Eysoldt the	y that discharging began at of will continue to discharge on explained that the pump us	achate to the Berks 400hrs on April 5, 1998. until all 10,000 gallons ually pumps at a rate of
Waste Management had may blow from the recycling center.	as erected a fence aro	ound the recycling center to c	ontain any materials that
Mr. Eysoldt said that h	ne would inform Mr.	Frame that the Department h	ad been at the site.
		•	
	'. '.		
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	1		i !
This inspection report is notice of the finotification of any violations observed during the herein, or other violations identified as a result of re. This report does not constitute an order imply immunity from legal action for any violation in Signature by the person interviewed doe person was shown the report or that a copy was left	inspection. Additional not eview of laboratory analyses or other appealable action o loted herein. es not necessanly imply con	ilication of violations may be issued of or Department records. If the Department. Nothing contained I currence with the findings on this repo	concerning either violations noted nerein shall be deemed to grant o
erson interviewed (signature)		Date	O 466/ 48
Inspector (signature)		Date	R461/13
			Page of

## COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BUREAU OF LAND RECYCLING AND WASTE MANAGEMENT



Date of inspection 26 March	า 1998	Identification Number	100550		
Company/Facility/Site Name	Boyertown Landfill		<u> </u>	<del>,</del>	
On Thursday ("BMMA") to inquire about and the leachate being generated.	t Boyertown Landfill. I	al) stopped by the Berks Mor met Mr. James Brady and spo	ntgomer oke with	y Munic 1 him ab	ipal Authority out the landfill
Mr. Brady st then went on to explain that	tated that Boyertown Lar t he is currently being red	ndfill has paid its previous ov quired to pay in advance for "	erdue bi	ill to the A's" serv	"BMMA". He ices.
Mr. Brady st these samples. Boyertown to the "BMMA".	tated that the leachate has Landfill has to have the	s been tested and that he was leachate sampled after every	present sixth ba	during t tch has b	he taking of been discharged
to "BMMA". Treatment la	goon B is full of treated MMA" will be made. Mr and be retreated prior to	ndfill has started to treat leach leachate and once treatment late. Brady required the leachate of discharge. At present Boye	agoon <i>A</i> from la	A is full o goon A	of treated to be pumped
•				:	
		•			
notification of any violations observed herein, or other violations identified a This report does not const	red during the inspection. Addit as a result of review of laboratory titute an order or other appealable any violation noted herein. nterviewed does not necessarily i	ection conducted by a representative ional notification of violations may be analyses or Department records. e action of the Department. Nothing comply concurrence with the findings on	ntained he	erein shall b	e deemed to grant o
Person interviewed (signatu	ure)		Date		
Inspector (signature)		·	Date	27	MAR 98

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## COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BUREAU OF LAND RECYCLING AND WASTE MANAGEMENT

·	INSPECTIO	N REPORT/DATA	ENTRY	
	Merkel Road Ne RA 19525 Sylass Tup Warren France	Operator N Milhy Address (Flow		Tristate Emir
Date []]]]]]]] Comment [Q	Inspection Date  [][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][	Inspection Facility Type  [O]   O 6	e Number	# Violation  Se ving  Reich
Sample # Low Monitoring Points	Sample # H	igh []		
01 Routine 02 Spill response 03 Remedial Action 04 Follow Up 05 Crit Stage 06 Sample Only 07 Permitting	10 Survey 11 Part 8 12 Complaint 13 Withdrawn 14 Closure 15 Post Closure 16 Form 4	Municipal  O1 Municipal Waste Landfil  O2 Construction/Demolition Landfill  O3 Processing  O4 Incinerator  O5 Surface Application	• 1	Hazardous  01 Disposal  02 Treatment  03 Storage  04 Transporter  05 Permit by Rule  06 Generator  07 SQG  08 RRR
08 Superfund 09 Ground Water	50 Record Rev 99 Other		14 SQG	09 Other 50 Superfund

Date of Inspection 12 November 1997

## COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BUREAU OF LAND RECYCLING AND WASTE MANAGEMENT

### INSPECTION REPORT COMMENTS

Identification Number PAD048603005, 100550

compa	ny/F	acility/Site Name Boyertown Landfill			_
Aital a	Ar ind I	outine inspection of Boyertown Landfill was conducted on Wednesd Kevin Bauer, Solid Waste Specialists.	ay, Nove	ember 12, 1997, by Joh	מו
	The	following observations were made:			
	1)	The raw leachate lagoon appeared to have four to five feet of freeborour to five feet of free board. Treated lagoon A had a ripped liner a	ard. Treand appear	ated lagoon B also had ared to be empty.	
	2)	The flare shed has fallen down.			,
	3)	Three gas recovery pipes have been broken off on the southern side odor was detected in this area of the landfill.	of the lar	ndfill. A landfill gas	
	4)	The pits at the top of the landfill have been filled in with soil.			
	5)	The landfill was inspected for any leachate seeps along its slopes. N	o seeps v	were discovered.	
	6)	Waste Management leases space on the landfill and operates a recyc site on the leased land.	ling cent	ter and container storag	ge 🧐
Frame	Ju:	st before leaving the site Mr. Warren Frame arrived on site. I explain discussed our findings with him.	ed the pu	urpose of our visit to M	ír.
Rover	nine tow	Thursday, November 13, 1997, I phoned Jim Brady, Berks-Montgor when leachate was last discharged from Boyertown Landfill. Mr. Br n Landfill discharged was on June 25, 1997(52,132 gallons). He then his bill and have tests done before he will be able to discharge again.	ady state went on	ed that the last time	
			·		
herein, imply in	tion of or oth The name	is inspection report is notice of the findings of an inspection conducted by a representative of any violations observed during the inspection. Additional notification of violations may be relations identified as a result of review of laboratory analyses or Department records, is report does not constitute an order or other appealable action of the Department. Nothing ity from legal action for any violation noted herein, mature by the person interviewed does not necessarily imply concurrence with the findings of those the report or that a copy was left with the person.	contained h	erein shall be deemed to gran	t or
		terviewed (signature) was martid to cure	Date	20 NW 97	- حر
Perso	ni nc	Control (or greater of Landson	-		
		(signature)	Date	13 N2197	_ _